Bible *Parables*Made Simple Volume 1

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Foreword

This book is designed to "continue" where my first book "The **Bible** Made **Simple** Vol 1" left off. Now that you have an understanding of **How** to study the Bible and how the <u>Bible explains and interprets itself</u>, we can focus on various parts of the Bible. This book will begin our focus on the **Parables** of Jesus.

It is very important to understand the "**Parables**" because they contain the "<u>Doctrines</u>" and "<u>Truths</u>" that Jesus felt were the **most important** for us to understand.

As we study the "**Parables**" and discover their Doctrines and Truths, remember they are **not** the teachings of any church, but rather the teachings of Jesus_Himself!

William 7. Barrett

P.S

If you will read the Parables that are in this book <u>in the order that they are presented</u> instead of skipping around you will see the continuity of the teachings of Jesus far better.

INTRODUCTION TO:

The Parables *of JESUS*

How did **JESUS** communicate **TRUTH** to his listeners?

Matt. 13:34 "All these things spake Jesus unto the multitude in parables: and **without a parable** spake He not to them."

35 "That it might be fulfilled which was spoken by the prophet, saying I will open my mouth in parables; I will utter things which have been **kept secret** from the foundation of the world."

Mark 4:33 "And with many such **parables** spake He the **Word** unto them, as they were able to hear it."

34 "But **without a parable** spake He **not** unto them; and when they were alone He expounded all things to His disciples."

Conclusion:

Thus, Jesus used "Parables" to communicate truth ("the Word") to His listeners. The above texts also tell us that Jesus always <u>used parables</u> to teach the people,

("without a parable spake He not.")

Why did JESUS speak in Parables?

Mark 4:2 "And He taught them many things by Parables, and said unto them in His doctrine."

Matt.13:10 "And the disciples came and said unto Him, Why speakest thou unto them in parables"?

11 "He answered and said unto them, Because it is given unto you to know the mysteries of the kingdom of heaven, but to them it is not given."

Conclusion:

Jesus spoke in **Parables** to teach "**doctrine**" to His followers and to teach the "**mysteries**" of the kingdom of heaven that had been **kept secret** from the foundation of the world". Matt.13:35

How did JESUS "Open the Understanding" of *Parables* to his Disciples?

Mark 4:10 "And when He was alone, they that were about Him with the twelve asked of Him the parable."

Mark 4:13 "And He said into them, know ye not this parable? And how then will ye know all parables?"

The disciples did **not understand** the "*Parable of the Sower*" that Jesus gave in Mark 4:3-8. Jesus told them that **if** they could understand **that parable**, then they could understand **all parables**. Then, Jesus proceeded to show them **how** to understand that parable (Mark 4:14-20) so that they **could understand all parables**.

THE PARABLE OF THE SOWER (EXPLAINED BY JESUS)

"A sower went out to sow his seed:"

Luke 8:11	"Now the parable is this:
	"The seed is the Word of God."
Mark 4:14	"The sower soweth the Word."
Luke 8·5	"And as he sowed some (seed) fell by the ways

'And as he sowed, some (seed) fell by the wayside": Luke 8:5 "Those by the wayside are they that hear"; Luke 8:12

Mark 4:15 "And these are they by the wayside, where the word is sown":

Mark 4:15 "but when they have heard, Satan cometh immediately and taketh away the Word that was sown in their hearts".

Matt.13:19 "When anyone heareth the Word of the kingdom, and understandeth it not, then cometh the wicked one, and catcheth away that which was sown in his heart. This is he which received seed by the wayside."

Conclusions:

Luke 8:5

- 1. The **seed** represents the **Word** of God (Bible)
- 2. The sower represents someone teaching the Word (Bible)
- 3. Those by the wayside represent those that hear the Word (Bible) but don't understand it.
- 4. The word (Bible) was "sown" in their hearts.
- 5. The devil takes away the Word out of their hearts, lest they should believe and be saved.

Jesus "opened the understanding" of the parable to his disciples, by applying a **Spiritual** meaning to each of the **real objects** in the parable. Since Jesus implied that if you can understand this parable, you can understand all parables, He was teaching the principles for understanding all parables.

"The Sower"

(Identifying the **Saved** and the **Lost**)

"The Sower" (Matthew 13:3-9, 18-23)

Matt. 13:3 And he spake many things unto them in parables, saying, Behold, a **sower** went forth to sow;

- 4 And when he sowed, some seeds fell by the wayside and the fowls came and devoured them up:
- 5 Some fell upon stony places where they had not much earth: and forthwith they sprung up, because they had no deepness of earth:
- 6 And when the sun was up they were scorched; and because they had no root, they withered away.
- 7 And some fell among thorns; and the thorns sprung up, and choked them:
- 8 But other fell into good ground, and brought forth fruit, some an hundredfold, some sixtyfold, some thirtyfold.
- 9 Who hath ears to hear, let him hear.

We will begin our study of this parable by searching the Bible to see if there are any *similar parables* which might <u>help us</u> understand this parable. Using <u>Strong's Concordance</u> and the word "**sower**" we find that in Mark 4:3-9, 14-20 and in Luke 8:5-8, 11-15 there are *similar parables*. In order to see the <u>similarities</u> and also the <u>differences</u> between the parables, we will use the method that is suggested by the Bible when trying to understand complex passages of Scripture.

Habakkuk 2:2 And the Lord answered me, and said, Write the vision, and <u>make it plain</u> upon **tables**, that he may run that readeth it.

By using a **table** we can easily see the **similarities** and the differences between the parables.

THE PARABLE OF THE SOWER (EXPLAINED)

BIBLE VERSES	JESUS' EXPLANATION
Luke 8: 5 5 A sower went out to sow his seed: and as he sowed, some fell by the way side; and it was trodden down, and the fowls of the air devoured it.	Luke 8: 11, 12 11 Now the parable is this: The seed is the word of God. 12 Those by the way side are they that hear; then cometh the devil, and taketh away the word out of their hearts, lest they should believe and be saved.
Matthew 13: 3, 4 3 And he spake many things unto them in parables, saying, Behold, a sower went forth to sow; 4 And when he sowed, some seeds fell by the way side, and the fowls came and devoured them up.	Matthew 13: 18, 19 18 Hear ye therefore the parable of the sower. 19 When any one heareth the word of the kingdom, and understandeth it not, then cometh the wicked one, and catcheth away that which was sown in his heart. This is he which received seed by the way side.
Mark 4: 3, 4 3 Hearken, Behold, there went out a sower to sow. 4 And it came to pass, as he sowed, some fell by the way side, and the fowls of the air came and devoured it up.	Mark 4: 14, 15 14 The sower soweth the word. 15 And these are they by the way side, where the word is sown; but when they have heard, Satan cometh immediately, and taketh away the word that was sown in their hearts.

<u>Identifying</u> the **Spiritual** Meanings of: the **Real Objects**:

1. The **seed** is the <u>Word</u> of God.

(Luke 8:11)

2. The **Sower** "sows" or teaches the Word.

(Mark 4:14)

3. The **wayside** is a <u>place</u> where the Word is heard.

(Mark 4:15)

4. The **wayside hearer** is a <u>person</u> who does **not** <u>understand</u> the Word.

(Matthew 13:19)

5. The **seed** "**trodden down**" is the <u>Word</u>, being mistreated or <u>changed</u> by men.

(Luke 8:5; Jeremiah 12:10; Ezk. 34:18, 19)

6. The **fowls** that devoured the seed are **people** (Prov. 6:5) used by **Satan** to **remove** the Word or **truth** that the person <u>hears</u> from their heart lest they should **believe it** and be saved.

Paraphrase:

A teacher (*sower*) went out to teach (*sow*) the Word (*seed*); and as he taught (*sowed*) the Word, (*seed*) it was heard (*fell*) by <u>people</u> who **did not** understand it (*wayside hearers*). The **Word** (*seed*) was mistreated and <u>changed by men</u> (*trodden down*). Then Satan used **people** (*fowls*) to remove the Word or **truth** from the <u>hearts</u> of those that heard the truth, lest they should **believe it** and be <u>saved</u>. (*fowls devoured the seed*)

BIBLE VERSES	JESUS' EXPLANATION
Luke 8: 6 6 And some fell upon a rock; and as soon as it was sprung up, it withered away, because it lacked moisture.	Luke 8: 13 13 They on the rock are they, which, when they hear, receive the word with joy; and these have no root, which for a while believe, and in time of temptation fall away.
Matthew 13: 5, 6 5 Some fell upon stony places, where they had not much earth: and forthwith they sprung up, because they had no deepness of earth: 6 And when the sun was up, they were scorched; and because they had no root, they withered away.	Matthew 13: 20, 21 20 But he that received the seed into stony places, the same is he that heareth the word, and anon with joy receiveth it; 21 Yet hath he not root in himself, but dureth for a while: for when tribulation or persecution ariseth because of the word, by and by he is offended.
Mark 4: 5, 6 5 And some fell on stony ground, where it had not much earth; and immediately it sprang up, because it had no depth of earth: 6 But when the sun was up, it was scorched; and because it had no root, it withered away.	Mark 4: 16, 17 16 And these are they likewise which are sown on stony ground; who, when they have heard the word, immediately receive it with gladness; 17 And have no root in themselves, and so endure but for a time: afterward, when affliction or persecution ariseth for the word's sake, immediately they are offended.

<u>Identifying</u> the **Spiritual** Meanings of the **Real Objects**:

1. The type of **place** where the <u>seed falls</u> represents the *condition* of the **heart** of a person.

good ground--soft, **converted heart** (Luke 8:15) **stony** ground--hard, **unconverted** <u>heart</u> (Ezekiel 11:19)

(no depth of ground-no softness of earth) (Mark 4:5)

- **2.** The **root** of the <u>seed</u> represents the <u>person's</u> **relationship** with **Jesus**. (Col. 2:6, 7) To have **no root** in himself means to have **no relationship** with **Jesus**.
- **3.** The **moisture** that the <u>seed</u> **lacked** represents the **Holy Spirit**. (Isa. 44:3) The seed **without moisture** represents a <u>person</u> who does **not have** the **Holy Spirit** in <u>his heart</u>.
- **4.** The <u>seed</u> that was **scorched** when the **sun was up** (Matt. 13:6), represents a <u>person</u> who **believes** <u>for a while</u> (Luke 8:13), but when **persecution** or **tribulation** arises because of **the Word** (Matt. 13:21), they <u>fall away</u> (Luke 8:13).

Paraphrase:

The Word (seed) was also <u>heard</u> (fell on) by people with <u>hard</u> unconverted hearts (stony ground). These people <u>believed</u> for <u>awhile</u>, but when persecution and tribulation came because of the Word (sun was up), they could not endure and fell away (scorched), because they did not have the Holy Spirit (lacked moisture) and they had no relationship with <u>Jesus</u> (no root).

BIBLE VERSES	JESUS' EXPLANATION
Luke 8: 7 7 And some fell among thorns; and the thorns sprang up with it, and choked it.	Luke 8: 14 14 And that which fell among thorns are they, which, when they have heard, go forth, and are choked with cares and riches and pleasures of this life, and bring no fruit to perfection.
Matthew 13: 7 7 And some fell among thorns; and the thorns sprung up, and choked them:	Matthew 13: 22 22 He also that received seed among the thorns is he that heareth the word; and the care of this world, and the deceitfulness of riches, choke the word, and he becometh unfruitful.
Mark 4: 7 7 And some fell among thorns, and the thorns grew up, and choked it, and it yielded no fruit.	Mark 4: 18,19 18 And these are they which are sown among thorns; such as hear the word, 19 And the cares of this world, and the deceitfulness of riches, and the lusts of other things entering in, choke the word, and it becometh unfruitful.

<u>Identifying</u> the **Spiritual** Meanings of the **Real Objects**:

1. The **thorns** represent the <u>cares</u>, and <u>riches</u>, and <u>pleasures</u> and <u>lusts of other things</u> of the world.

(Luke 8:14; Mark 4:19)

- 2. These things (thorns) *choke the <u>Word</u>* (Mark 4:19) or "*crowd it out*" so that there is **no time** for **Bible Study** (the Word).
- 3. As a result the *seed* cannot grow properly and so no "fruit" or <u>Christian Virtues</u> (Gal. 5:22) or Converts (Prov. 11:30) are produced.

Paraphrase:

The **Word** (*seed*) was also <u>heard</u> (*fell among*) by people who <u>allowed themselves</u> to become <u>so involved</u> with the **cares** and **riches** and **pleasures** and the **lusts of other things** of the world (*thorns*), that they had **no time** for **Bible Study** (*choked the Word*). As a <u>result</u>, these people did not <u>mature</u> in the **Christian Virtues** and they had **no converts** (*fruit*) to give to the Lord.

BIBLE VERSES	JESUS' EXPLANATION		
Luke 8: 8 8 And other fell on good ground, and sprang up, and bare fruit an hundredfold. And when he had said these things, he cried, He that hath ears to hear, let him hear.	Luke 8: 15 15 But that on the good ground are they, which in an honest and good heart, having heard the word, keep it, and bring forth fruit with patience.		
Matthew 13: 8,9 8 But other fell into good ground, and brought forth fruit, some an hundredfold, some sixtyfold, some thirtyfold. 9 Who hath ears to hear, let him hear.	Matthew 13: 23 23 But he that received seed into the good ground is he that heareth the word, and understandeth it; which also beareth fruit, and bringeth forth, some an hundredfold, some sixty, some thirty.		
Mark 4: 8,9 8 And other fell on good ground, and did yield fruit that sprang up and increased; and brought forth, some thirty, and some sixty, and some an hundred; 9 And he said unto them, He that hath ears to hear, let him hear.	Mark 4: 20 20 And these are they which are sown on good ground; and bring forth fruit, some thirtyfold, some sixty, and some an hundred.		

<u>Identifying</u> the **Spiritual** Meanings of: the **Real Objects**:

- 1. The *good ground* represents the **soft heart** of a **Converted** <u>Christian</u>. (Luke 8:15; Ezk. 11:19)
- 2. The <u>seed</u> **received** into the **good** ground represents a **Converted** <u>person</u> who **studies** (*hears*) (Rom. 10:17) and **understands** the **Word**. (Matt. 13:23)
- 3. The **fruit** <u>produced</u> represents the **Christian Virtues** and **Converts** won for the Lord. (Gal. 5:22; Prov. 11:30)
- 4. There will be some **Converted** <u>Christians</u> who produce **more fruit** than <u>others</u>, but **all Converted Christians** will be **saved**.
- 5. Those who have been **converted** will be **honest** and have **good hearts**. (Luke 8:15) When they <u>hear</u> the **Word**, they will *keep it* and with **patience** will **mature** in **Christian Virtues** and **win many Converts** for the Lord. (Luke 8:15)

Paraphrase:

The **Word** (*seed*) was also <u>heard</u> (*fell on*) by people with **soft, converted hearts** (*good ground*) who **understood** the **Word** and **kept** the **Word** with **patience**. As a **result**, these people **matured** in the **Christian Virtues** and with **patience** won **many converts** for the Lord. Some won <u>more</u> **converts** than others.

Doctrinal Truths (Taught by **Jesus** in the Parable of "The Sower")

- 1. The **Word** of **truth** will be <u>heard</u> by <u>everyone</u>.
- 2. **Jesus** grouped <u>everyone</u> in the world into <u>4 groups</u> of people.
- 3. **Group 1:** Consists of people who **hear** the <u>Word</u> but do **not understand** it. They have been **deceived by men** who have "<u>changed</u> the Word" and by <u>people</u> who "**remove** the Word" from <u>their hearts</u> when they have **found** the truth! These people will be **lost!**
- 4. **Group 2:** Consists of people who have <u>heard</u> the <u>Word</u> and **believed** it, but who have **never allowed** the **Lord** or the **Holy Spirit** to "soften" and **convert** <u>their</u> **hard hearts!** When persecution and **tribulation** come **because** of the <u>Word</u>, these people cannot endure because they do **not** have the **Holy Spirit** and they do **not** have a **Relationship with Jesus**. These people will be **lost!**
- 5. **Group 3:** Consists of people who have <u>allowed</u> themselves to become *so involved* with the **cares**, **riches**, **pleasures** and **lusts** of the world, that they have **no time** for the **study** of **God's Word**. As a <u>result</u>, these people will <u>not mature</u> in the **Christian Virtues** and they will have **no converts** to give to the Lord. These people will be **lost!**

(Cont. next page)

- 6. **Group 4:** Consists of people who have "heard" or studied the **Word** and **understand it**. They have allowed the **Holy Spirit** to come into **their hearts** and they have a **Relationship** with **Jesus**. As a <u>result</u>, their **hearts** are **soft** and they have been *converted*. They are **honest** and when the **Word** tells them to **do something** "they do it"! They have developed **patience** and have acquired the *Virtues* of a *Mature Christian*. By their **life** and by the **Word** they have won **many converts** for the Lord. These people will be **saved!**
- 7. The <u>main teachings</u> of this parable are as follows:
 - 1. Everyone will hear the Word of truth.
 - 2. We must **not** allow **Pastors** or <u>teachers</u> who have "<u>changed the Word</u>" to **deceive** us.
 - 3. We must **not** allow **friends** or others to "remove" the **truth** of the Word from us after we have heard it!
 - 4. We must do our <u>very best</u> to **understand** the **Word** for ourselves.
 - 5. We **must** allow the <u>Holy Spirit</u> to come into our <u>heart</u> and *convert us* and give us a **soft heart**.
 - 6. We **must** develop a **relationship** with **Jesus**.
 - 7. We must **expect persecution** and **tribulation** as Christians "because of the Word" but with the help of **Jesus** and the Holy Spirit we can endure!

- 8. We **must** *make time* for the <u>study</u> of God's **Word**. We must **not** allow the cares, riches, pleasures and lusts of other things to "crowd out" *our time* with the **Word**.
- 9. We will **not** be able to <u>mature</u> in the <u>Christian</u> **virtues**, nor will we be able to bring <u>any</u> **converts** to the Lord **unless** we *spend time* in **Bible Study** (the Word).
- 10. **Everyone** will be given an <u>opportunity</u> to "hear" or <u>learn</u> the *TRUTH* (Word), but **not everyone** will listen or be **saved!**
- 11. When we read the **Word** and it tells us to "do something" we need to **do it!**

"Treasure Hid in a Field"

(Searching for **Hidden Treasure** in the Bible)

"Treasure Hid in a Field" (Matthew 13:44)

Matthew 13:44 "Again, the kingdom of heaven is like unto treasure hid in a field; the which when a man hath found, he hideth, and for joy thereof goeth and selleth all that he hath, and buyeth that field."

Comments:

This parable describes <u>someone</u> who has found <u>something</u> of the **greatest value!** He is willing to give up **everything** in order to <u>obtain it!</u> Instead of being "sorrowful" because he has to "give up everything", the man is filled with **joy** at the thought of what he will **gain!**

<u>Identifying</u> the **Spiritual** meaning of the Parable:

In order to discover the **Spiritual meaning** of this parable, we will first have to discover the **Spiritual meaning** of the <u>real objects</u> used in the parable.

The real objects are: field, treasure, and man.

Now we will use the Concordance and compare Scripture.

Comparing Scripture:

<u>Field</u> – first meaning

Acts 1:18 "...this man <u>purchased</u> (redeemed) a **field** with the reward of iniquity..."

Rom. 6:23 "The wages (reward) of sin (iniquity) is death..."

Acts 1:19 "That field is called ... the field of blood."

Matt. 13:38 "The field is the world."

Rev. 5:9 "...thou wast slain, and hast <u>redeemed</u> (purchased) us to God by thy **blood** out of <u>every</u> kindred, and tongue, and people, and nation."

Comment:

Thus, the **field** represents the **world** that was <u>redeemed</u> by the **blood** of Jesus.

<u>Field</u> – second meaning

Prov. 2:3-5 Yea, if thou criest after **knowledge**, and liftest up thy voice for **understanding**; If thou seekest her as silver, and searchest for her as for **hid treasures**; Then shalt thou **understand** the fear of the LORD, and **find** the **knowledge of God**.

Comment:

The <u>only place</u> that we can "search" for the **hid treasure** of the *knowledge of God* is in **God's Word**. Thus, the "<u>field</u>" represents the **Bible** or God's Word.

Conclusions:

The Spiritual "field" represents:

- 1. The **world** (redeemed by the blood of Jesus)
- 2. The **Bible** or God's Word

Treasure

Exodus 19:5 "Now therefore, if ye will obey my voice indeed, and keep my covenant, then **ye** shall be a peculiar **treasure** unto me above all people: for <u>all the earth</u> is mine:"

Prov. 2:4,5 "If thou seekest ... as for **hid treasures**; Then shalt thou **understand** ... and **find** the **knowledge of God**." **Col.** 1:26, 27 "Even the **mystery** which hath been **hid** from ages and from generations ... which is **Christ in you**, the hope of glory."

2 Cor. 4:3,4 "But if our **gospel** be **hid**, it is **hid** to them that are <u>lost</u>: in whom the god of this world hath blinded the minds of them which believe not, lest the light of the glorious **gospel of Christ**, who is the image of God, should shine unto them."

Conclusions:

The spiritual "treasure" represents:

- 1. God's people
- 2. The Gospel of Christ and the knowledge of God

Comment:

The "treasure" was hidden in the field. It did not <u>lie on the surface</u> of the ground, but was buried beneath the surface. To obtain the "treasure" required the "work" of *digging*. Similarly, to obtain the **knowledge of God** and the understanding of the Gospel, requires the "work" of *digging* or searching the Scriptures.

<u>Man</u>

Mark 15:39 "And when the centurion, which stood over against him, saw that he so cried out, and gave up the ghost, he said, Truly this **man** was the <u>Son of God</u>."

John 9:11 "He answered and said, A **man** that is called **Jesus** made clay, and anointed mine eyes, ..."

Matthew 4:4 "But he answered and said, It is written, **Man** shall not live by bread alone, but by <u>every word</u> that proceedeth out of the <u>mouth of God</u>."

Conclusions:

The Spiritual "man" represents:

- 1. Jesus
- 2. A **person** who "<u>lives by God's Words</u>" (Christian)

Comments:

It is clear from our study of the **Spiritual meanings** of the real objects in the parable, that *each object* has a double or two **Spiritual meanings**. This implies that there are two distinct meanings for the parable. If we substitute each of the meanings into the parable and the context of the parable supports the meaning, then there are two meanings to the parable.

Spiritual Meaning 1 (Paraphrase)

Matthew 13:44 Again, the kingdom of heaven is like *God's people* (treasure) hidden in the *world* (field); which when *Jesus* (man) discovered, with joy *gave up_everything he had* (sold all) in heaven and came to this *world* (field) and with his blood, *redeemed* (bought) this *world* (field).

Spiritual Meaning 2 (Paraphrase)

Matthew 13:44 Again, the kingdom of heaven is like the *Gospel of Christ and the knowledge of God* (treasure) that is hidden in *God's Word* (field); which when a *man* discovers, with joy *gives his heart completely to Jesus* (sells all) so that he can *obtain* (buy) salvation and the *understanding and knowledge of God* (treasure) that is hidden in the *Bible* (field).

Summary:

The parable of the "Treasure hid in a field" has been shown to definitely have two **Spiritual meanings**:

- 1. **Jesus** "giving up everything" in <u>heaven</u> to **redeem** us, His treasure!
- 2. **Christians** willing to "give up everything" in this world to **obtain a relationship with Jesus** and a **knowledge of His Word**, our <u>treasure</u>!

Matthew 6:19-21

"Lay <u>not</u> up for yourselves <u>treasures upon earth</u>, where moth and rust doth corrupt, and where thieves break through and steal: But <u>lay up</u> for yourselves <u>treasures in</u> <u>heaven</u>, where neither moth nor rust doth corrupt, and where thieves do not break through nor steal: For where your **treasure** is, there will your **heart** be also."

Comment:

To "give up your **treasure**" upon *earth* and to "lay up your **treasure**" in *heaven*, means to "turn your **heart**" from the things of this <u>world</u> and to "give your **heart**" to Jesus and the things of <u>heaven</u>.

<u>Doctrinal Truth</u> (Taught by **Jesus** in the Parable of "Treasure hid in a field")

- 1. There is a "**treasure**" that is <u>worth</u> "giving up everything" to obtain.
- 2. For <u>Jesus</u>, the "treasure" is a **person** that **loves Him completely!**
- 3. For <u>human beings</u>, the "treasure" is **Salvation** and **Eternal life** and a **knowledge of God!**
- 4. In order for <u>Jesus</u> to obtain His "**treasure**" (us) **nothing** was <u>withheld</u>. The **price** of the "treasure" was so high that it required Him to "give up" **heaven** and even to "give up" **His life**!

- 5. In order for <u>us</u> to obtain our "treasure" (Salvation and a knowledge of God), **nothing** must be <u>withheld</u>. The **price** of "treasure" is so high (it required Jesus' death) that it requires us to <u>give</u> our **heart completely** to Jesus.
- 6. In order for us to <u>obtain</u> the **treasure**, "digging" will be required of us. <u>Digging</u> represents the "work" of **searching the Scriptures** to obtain a **knowledge of God** and of the <u>Gospel</u>.
- 7. When the "treasure" is <u>obtained</u>, it will bring **joy** into our lives!

"The One Pearl of Great Price"

(**Jesus** gave Everything For Us)

"The One Pearl of Great Price" (Matthew 13:45, 46)

Matthew 13:45, 46 "Again, the kingdom of heaven is like unto a merchant man, seeking goodly pearls: Who, when he had found one pearl of great price, went and sold all that he had, and bought it."

Comments:

There are no similar parables from which we could get help in understanding this parable. We will have to look at the real objects in the parable and try to find other Bible texts using these objects in order to learn more about why Jesus used them in this parable.

<u>Identifying the Real Objects:</u>

- Merchant man, pearls, pearl (of great price) The actions in the parable are:
 - Seeking, finding, selling, and buying

Comparing Scripture:

Pearl

Matthew 13:45 "...found one **pearl** of great price."

Revelation 21:21 "And the twelve gates were twelve pearls: every <u>several* gate</u> was of one **pearl**: and the street of the city [*New Jerusalem*] was pure gold..."

^{*} several – Greek #303 – each

Comments:

These <u>two texts</u> are the <u>only texts</u> in the Bible using the word "**pearl**". There are other texts using "**pearls**" which we will look at later.

Matthew 13:45 tells us that the **one pearl** was of *great price* or <u>very valuable</u>.

Revelation 21:21 tells us that each of the gates of the Holy City is of **one pearl**.

Conclusions:

- 1. There is **one Pearl** more <u>valuable</u> than any other.
- 2. The **only way** to enter into the <u>Holy City</u> is through the <u>gate</u> of **one Pearl**.
- 3. The use of the word "one" in both texts is significant. The Bible is stressing the point that **this Pearl** is different from <u>all</u> other pearls.
- 4. The word "gate" or "gates" in the Greek (# $4440 \pi \upsilon \lambda \omega \upsilon$) means "gate-way" or "door-way". Thus the word "door" could be used instead of the word "gate". The addition of the word "way" to the words "door" or "gate" also seems to be significant.
- 5. Jesus said in John 10:9 "I am the **door**: by me if any man enter in, he shall be saved..." And John 10:1 says, "He that entereth not by the door... the same is a thief and a robber."
- 6. Jesus said in <u>John 14:6</u> "**I** am the **way**, the truth, and the life: no man cometh unto the Father, but by me."
- 7. If we put what the <u>Bible teaches</u> in John 10:9 and John 14:6 <u>together</u>, Jesus was saying, **I** am the "**door-way**". Jesus also made it very plain that the **only way** to "enter in" or be saved was through Him.

Thus the Bible evidence all points to **Jesus** being the **one Pearl of great price!**

Now we will look at the word "pearls".

Pearls

Job 28:12,13 "But where shall **wisdom** be found? and where is the place of <u>understanding</u>? Man knoweth not the <u>price</u> thereof; neither is it found in the land of the living."

Vs. 18 "No mention shall be made of coral, or of **pearls**: for the price of **wisdom** is above rubies."

Vs. **20,21** "Whence then cometh **wisdom**? and where is the place of <u>understanding</u>? Seeing it is **hid** from the eyes of all living..."

Vs. 23 "God <u>understandeth</u> the way thereof, and he knoweth the place thereof."

Matthew 7:6 "Give not that which is <u>holy</u> unto the dogs, neither cast ye your **pearls** before swine..."

Matthew 13:45 "...a merchant man, <u>seeking</u> goodly **pearls**"

Conclusion:

"**Pearls**" represent the valuable "hidden" wisdom or truths of God that are <u>only found</u> by "seeking" or searching the **Scriptures**.

Merchant Man

Matthew 13:45 "Again, the kingdom of heaven is like unto a **merchant man**, seeking goodly **pearls**."

When we substitute the Spiritual meaning for "pearls" into this text and paraphrase it, it says:

Paraphrase: ...a merchant man seeking the "hidden wisdom" or truths (goodly pearls) found only by searching the Scriptures.

Thus, the "merchant man" represents a person who is searching the Scriptures to find the truth!

A "merchant man" is someone who "buys and sells".

Prov. 23:23 "**Buy** the **truth**, and <u>sell it not</u>; also **wisdom**, and instruction, and **understanding**."

Isaiah 55:1 "...he that hath <u>no money</u>; come ye, **buy**, and eat; yea, come, **buy wine** [doctrine] and **milk** [gospel] without money and without price."

Conclusion:

The "merchant man" who "buys" represents someone who "without money" can obtain the truth if he will search the Scriptures.

Sold (sell) all

Acts 2:44,45 "And <u>all that believed</u> were together, and had all things common; and **sold** their **possessions** and goods, and parted them to all men, as every man had need."

Matthew 19:16 "And, behold, one came and said unto him, Good Master, what good thing shall I do, that I may have eternal life?"

Vs. **21,22** "Jesus said unto him, If thou wilt be perfect, go and **sell that thou hast**, and give to the poor, and thou shalt have <u>treasure in heaven</u>: and come and follow me. But when the young man heard that saying, he went away sorrowful: for he had <u>great possessions</u>."

Vs. 27-29 "Then answered Peter and said unto him, Behold, we have forsaken all, and followed thee; what shall we have therefore? And Jesus said unto them, ... Every one that hath forsaken houses, or brethren, or sisters, or father, or mother, or wife, or children, or lands, for my name's sake, shall receive an hundredfold, and shall inherit everlasting life."

Comments:

The "<u>believers</u>" mentioned in Acts 2:44,45 had literally "**sold** their <u>possessions</u>" and had distributed the money to those who had need.

The <u>disciples</u> (like Peter) had also "**forsaken all**" for the Lord. The "rich young man" that came to Jesus had "<u>great possessions</u>" which he was not willing to sell in order to "have **treasure** in <u>heaven</u>".

Jesus said in Matthew 6:19-21,

"Lay <u>not</u> up for yourselves *treasures upon* **earth**... But <u>lay up</u> for yourselves *treasures in* **heaven**... For *where* your **treasure** is, there will your **heart** be also."

This shows that what Jesus is **really** interested in is the condition of the **heart**, *not* the possessions! **Many** of the Bible characters, like Abraham and Job, were **very rich men!** Yet, their hearts were **totally** focused on the Lord and they put **Him first** in their lives. In other words, they were **converted** in their **hearts** and they had "**no** other gods before God" (Exodus 20:3).

Jesus said in **Matthew** 6:33, "But <u>seek ye</u> **first** the kingdom of **God**, and his righteousness; and all <u>these things</u> shall be <u>added</u> unto you."

Jesus wants us to put **Him first** in <u>our lives</u>, **above** all our <u>possessions</u>. Then He has promised that He will <u>give us</u> the "possessions" that we need. He is not against "possessions", except when they are placed in **the heart** above **Him!**

Conclusion:

Thus, to "sell all that you have" spiritually means to "withhold nothing from the Lord" or to be willing to do anything He says! This is what true Conversion of the heart means!

In the **past** many people have had to <u>leave their homes</u> or <u>loved ones</u> or "give up" **something** in order to follow the Lord. **Today** the Lord expects **no less** from us! If we are to be **saved** we must put **Jesus** and "following Him" above all **else**! This "price" which we must "pay" is **small indeed** when compared to the **price** that Jesus paid for **us** when he died on the **Cross** to <u>save us</u>!

Phil. 2:5-8 "Let **this mind** be in **you**, which was also in **Christ Jesus**: Who, being in the <u>form of God</u>, thought it not robbery to be <u>equal with God</u>: But made himself of *no reputation*, and took upon him the *form of a servant*, and was made in the <u>likeness of men</u>: And being found in fashion as a <u>man</u>, he humbled himself, and became **obedient unto death**, even the **death** of the **cross**."

John 15:13 "Greater **love** hath no man than this, that a **man** lay down his **life** for his **friends**."

Summary (meaning 1)

- 1. The "one Pearl" (of great price) represents Jesus.
- 2. The "**pearls**" represent the "hidden" **truths** of God that are found **only** by "seeking" or <u>searching the Scriptures</u>.
- 3. The "merchant man" who is "seeking pearls" represents a person who is searching the Scriptures to find truth.
- 4. The <u>finding</u> of the "**one Pearl**" of <u>Great Price</u> by the "merchant man" represents a **person** "finding" **Jesus** as **his Savior** as he <u>searches the Scriptures</u>.
- 5. The **selling** of "**all** that he had" by the "merchantman", represents a **person** making the *decision* to put **Jesus first** in his life, **withholding nothing** from Him, and being **willing** to "follow Him completely" and **do whatever He says!** This is <u>true</u> conversion.

Comments:

Before we complete our study we need to <u>explore the</u> <u>possibility</u> of this parable having a <u>double significance</u> or a **second** meaning. (Recall that we discovered the parable of the "treasure hid in a field" had a **second** meaning."

Comparing Scripture

Pearls

Job 28:16-18 "It cannot be valued with the gold of Ophir, with the precious <u>onyx</u>, or the <u>sapphire</u>. The <u>gold</u> and the <u>crystal</u> cannot equal it: and the exchange of it shall not be for **jewels** of fine gold. No mention shall be made of <u>coral</u>, or of **pearls**: for the price of wisdom is above <u>rubies</u>."

The above text clearly shows that "**pearls**" are considered to be "**jewels**" by the Bible. Let us see what the Bible says that **spiritual** "**jewels**" represent so that we will know what the **second** meaning for **pearls** is.

Malachi 3:17 "And **they** shall be mine, saith the LORD of hosts, in that day when I make up **my jewels**; and I will spare **them**, as a man spareth his **own son** that serveth him."

Thus, the Bible says:

- 1. A **pearl** is a **jewel**. (Job 28:16-18)
- 2. A **jewel** is a **person**. (Mal. 3:17)
- 3. A pearl = a jewel = a person

So the **pearls** in the parable represent **people**.

Merchant Man (seeking goodly pearls)

In the parable the "merchant man" was <u>seeking</u> "pearls". If we substitute the **Spiritual** meaning of "pearls" = people into the parable and <u>paraphrase it</u>:

Paraphrase: (Matthew 13:45)

Again the kingdom of heaven is like a **merchant** man, **seeking** goodly *people* (pearls): who when he hath found one *person* (pearl) of great price, went and sold all that he had, and bought *him* (it).

Thus, the **merchant** man was **seeking** goodly* **people**.

* goodly --#2573 καλως – well, fully well.

#2570 καλος – good, honest, virtuous

Seeking (seek)

Luke 19:10 "For the **Son of man** is come to **seek** and to <u>save</u> that which was **lost.**"

Matthew 18:11-14 "For the Son of man is come to save that which was **lost**. How think ye? if a man have an hundred sheep, and **one** of them be <u>gone astray</u>, doth he not leave the ninety and nine, and goeth into the mountains, and **seeketh** that which is <u>gone astray</u>? ... Even so it is **not** <u>the</u> <u>will</u> of your Father which is in heaven, that **one** of these little ones should **perish**."

Thus, **seeking** is associated with **Jesus** "seeking" to **save** even **one lost person** (sheep)

Summary (meaning 2)

- 1. The Bible says that a *pearl* is a "**jewel**".
- 2. A spiritual "jewel" represents a person.
- 3. Thus, "pearls" or "jewels" in the parable represent **people**.
- 4. The **one** "*pearl*" (of great price) in the parable represents **one person** (greatly loved).
- 5. The "merchant man" represents **Jesus**.
- 6. The "merchant man" seeking goodly <u>pearls</u> represents **Jesus** (merchant man) seeking to save **people** (goodly pearls).
- 7. The **one** pearl of **great price** that the "*merchant_man*" **sold all** that he had and <u>bought</u> represents the **value** of **one** lost **person** to <u>Jesus</u>! He paid a **great price** (He <u>died</u> on the Cross) to **redeem** (buy) even **one person**.

John 15:13 "Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friends."

Doctrinal Truth (Taught by **Jesus** in the Parable of "The one Pearl of Great Price")

- 1. There are valuable **truths** (pearls) in the <u>Bible</u> that are found only by **searching the Scriptures**.
- 2. These valuable **truths** (pearls) are **hidden** from the surface seeker.
- 3. When a person "searches the Scriptures" and finds **Jesus** as his **Savior**, he has found the "Pearl of Great Price"!
- 4. When a person <u>makes</u> the **decision** to put **Jesus first in his life**, <u>withholding nothing</u> from Him, and willing to "do whatever **He says**", he has "**sold all** that he has"! This person is **truly converted**.
- 5. **People** (pearls) are like <u>valuable jewels</u> to God.
- 6. Even **one person** is <u>extremely valued</u> by God.
- 7. **Jesus** came to earth **seeking** to **save** people (goodly jewels) who were **lost** in their **sins**.
- 8. **Jesus** paid a **Great Price** (died on the cross) to **redeem** (buy) them.
- 9. **Jesus** "gave up everything" (sold all) to **save people**, because of His **love**.

The Parable Of:

"The Old and New Wine Bottles"

(The Importance of Conversion)

The **Parable** of:

"The Old and New Wine Bottles" (Matthew 9:17)

17 Neither do men put new wine into old bottles: else the bottles break, and the wine runneth out, and the bottles perish: but they put new wine into new bottles, and both are preserved.

We will begin our study of this parable by searching the Bible to see if there are any <u>similar parables</u> which might help us understand this parable.

Using Strong's Concordance and the word "*bottles*" we find that in **Mark** 2: 22 and in **Luke** 5: 37-39 there are <u>similar parables</u>.

Mark 2:22 And no man putteth new wine into old bottles, else the new wine doth burst the bottles, and the wine is spilled, and the bottles will be marred: but new wine must be put in new bottles.

This <u>similar</u> parable uses the word "marred" instead of "perish" when referring to the bottles. This may be of some help to us later as we study the parable in detail.

Luke 5:37-39 And no man putteth new wine into old bottles; else the new wine will burst the bottles, and be spilled, and the bottles shall perish.

38 But new wine must be put into new bottles; and both are preserved.

39 No man also having drunk old wine straightway desireth new: for he saith, the old is better.

This <u>similar</u> parable adds the thought that "no one who has drunk <u>old wine</u> immediately (#2112 Straightway) desires the <u>new wine</u> because he thinks the <u>old wine</u> is better". This thought may help us later as we study the parable in detail.

Comments:

This parable discusses <u>two types</u> of "wine" (old and new) and <u>two types</u> of "bottles" (old and new) The parable points out that the *type of container* (bottle) that "wine" is placed in is **very important** and that the *container* (bottle) must be new in order to <u>preserve</u> both the "wine" and the "bottle".

An **old** "bottle" **cannot contain** the **new** "wine". A **new** "bottle" **must be obtained** to contain the **new** "wine". Now that we understand the <u>Physical</u> part of the parable, it is time to discover the <u>Spiritual</u> meaning of the parable.

We have already <u>identified</u> the <u>Real Objects</u> in the parable as:

bottles, old bottles, new bottles, wine, old wine, new wine

Now we need to discover their <u>Spiritual meanings</u> by using the *Concordance*, or the *Bible Word Pictures* reference booklet.

We will start by looking up the word "wine".

<u>Discovering</u> the **Spiritual** Meaning of: "Wine"

Proverbs 20:1

"Wine is a mocker, strong drink is raging: and whosoever is deceived thereby is not wise."

<u>Conclusion:</u> "Wine" represents something that causes someone to **be deceived**.

Isaiah 28:7

"But they also **have erred** through **wine**, and through strong drink are **out of the way**; the priest and prophet **have erred** through strong drink..."

<u>Conclusion:</u> "Wine" represents something that <u>causes someone to</u> **err** or **leave the right way**.

Deuteronomy 32:33

"Their **wine** is the *poison of* **dragons**, and the cruel venom of asps."

Revelation 12: 9

"And the great **dragon** was cast out, that old serpent, called **the Devil**, and **Satan** which **deceived** the whole world."

Conclusion: "Wine" represents something that Satan uses to deceive people.

Habakkuk 2:5

"Yea also, because he transgresseth by wine."

<u>Conclusion:</u> "Wine" represents something that <u>causes</u> a person to **transgress or sin**.

<u>Final Conclusion:</u> "Old Wine" or "strong drink" must represent False Doctrine.

Since "Old" **Wine** represents <u>False Doctrine</u> then, "New" **Wine** must represent <u>True Doctrine</u>.

<u>Discovering</u> the **Spiritual** meaning of: "**Bottle**"

Psalms 119:53

"For I am become like a bottle"

Jeremiah 19:10

"Then shalt thou break this **bottle**... so will I break this **people**.

Conclusion: "Bottle" represents a person.

Jeremiah 19:1

"Thus saith the Lord, go and get a potters earthen **bottle**... **Jeremiah** 18:3, 4, 6

"Then I went down to the potters house... and the vessel he made of clay was **marred**... so he <u>made it again</u> **another** <u>vessel</u>... saith the Lord, behold as the **clay** is in the **potters hand** so are **ye** in **mine hand**..."

Conclusion: "New" **bottle** represents a **person** made "new" by <u>the Lord</u>. A "new" **bottle** represents a "**converted**" **person**.

The "marred" bottle or "old" bottle must then represent an "unconverted" person.

<u>Discovering</u> the **Spiritual** meaning of: "**Drink**" or "**Eat**"

Song of Solomon 8:2

"I would <u>lead thee</u> and bring thee into my mother's house, who would **instruct**... I would cause thee to **drink**...

Jeremiah 15:16

"Thy words were found and I did eat them: and thy word was unto me the joy and rejoicing of mine heart."

Conclusion: "Drink" or "Eat" means to receive instruction or be taught or gain knowledge.

To <u>summarize</u> the <u>Spiritual meaning</u> of the **Real Objects**:

Wine represents Doctrine

"Old" **Wine** represents "False" <u>Doctrine</u> "New" **Wine** represents "True" <u>Doctrine</u>

Bottle represents a **person**

"Old" **Bottle** represents "unconverted" <u>person</u> "New" **Bottle** represents "converted" <u>person</u>

To "Drink" or "Eat" means to be taught or to gain knowledge.

Now we are ready to <u>substitute</u> the <u>Spiritual meaning</u> of these <u>real objects</u> back into the parable and to <u>paraphrase</u> it.

Bible verse: Luke 5:37-39

- 37 "And no man putteth **new wine** into **old bottles**; else the **new wine** will burst the **bottles**, and be spilled, and the **bottles** shall perish."
- 38 "But the **new wine** must be put into **new bottles**; and both are preserved."
- 39 "No man also having **drunk old wine** straightway desireth **new**; for he saith, the old is better."

Paraphrase:

- 37 No man can teach <u>true doctrine</u> (new wine) to an <u>unconverted person</u> (old bottle): because the <u>true doctrine</u> (new wine) will be rejected (burst) by the <u>person</u> (bottle) and the <u>person</u> (bottle) will be lost (perish).
- 38 But <u>true doctrine</u> (new wine) must be taught to <u>converted people</u> (new bottles); and both the doctrine and the person will be saved.
- 39 No man having <u>been taught</u> (drunk)

 <u>false doctrine</u> (old wine)

 immediately desires <u>true doctrine</u> (new wine):

 for he thinks the <u>false doctrine</u> (old wine) is better.

Conclusions:

When we first looked at the parable we concluded that the "type of container" that the "wine" was put in was very important. The container ("bottle") had to be new in order to preserve or retain "new wine".

Now we know that the parable is telling us that a **person** (bottle) **has** to be **converted** (new bottle) in order to accept **True Doctrine** (new wine).

An <u>unconverted</u> person (old bottle) will be satisfied with *false doctrine* (old wine) because he thinks that is <u>better</u> for **him**

An <u>unconverted</u> person's life is focused on <u>pleasing</u> **himself**.

A <u>converted</u> person's life is focused on <u>pleasing</u> **Jesus**.

Conversion changes the focus of the life!

A <u>converted</u> person is willing to *follow Jesus* no matter **what** the <u>consequences to himself</u>!

Following **True Doctrine** will put a person *out of step* with the <u>world</u> and an **unconverted** <u>person</u> will **not** be willing to <u>do that</u>! The "testing Truths" or True Doctrines are designed by God to determine who **really** <u>loves Him</u> and to "*weed out*" the **unconverted** who love themselves more than God.

Jesus made it <u>very clear</u> that unless a person was **converted** (born again), they could <u>not</u> be part of His kingdom.

John 3:3 "Jesus answered and said unto him, verily, verily, I say unto thee, <u>Except</u> a man be <u>born again</u> he cannot see the kingdom of heaven.

This parable brings out *how important* **conversion** is! It is **easy** to determine if **you** are **converted!** Are you <u>willing</u> to <u>do</u> anything for <u>Jesus</u>? Are you <u>willing</u> to give up <u>anything</u> He asks you to? Would your <u>job</u> come <u>before Jesus</u>? Is your <u>family</u> more important to you than *following Jesus*? Is <u>money</u> more important to you <u>than Jesus</u>? Would you be willing to *follow Jesus* even if it cost you <u>your friends</u>? Remember, a **converted person** is <u>willing</u> to *follow Jesus* no matter <u>what</u> the <u>consequences</u> to <u>himself</u>! **Jesus** gave up **everything** for **you!**

John 15:13 "<u>Greater</u> **love** hath no man than this, that a man <u>lay down</u> <u>his</u> **life** for **his friends**." Are **you** willing to give up <u>everything</u> for **Him**?

Luke 14:33 "So likewise, whoever he be of you that <u>forsaketh not all</u> that he hath he **cannot** be <u>my disciple</u>."

Remember, that God *LOVES YOU* and *NEVER* asks you to "give up" <u>anything</u> that is not in **your best interest!** The "<u>trinkets</u>" and "<u>tinsel</u>" that this <u>world</u> has to offer **cannot compare** to what **Heaven** and **Eternal Life** can offer!

If you know in your heart that you are **not converted**, but you **want** to be **converted**, you *can be* "**born again**"!

All that God asks is that you be **willing** to put **Him first** in **your life**. Do you **Love Him** enough to be **willing** to **do that**? If you do, then bow your head and pray this <u>simple</u> **prayer** and God will give you **conversion** of **heart** and you **will be born again!**

Prayer:

Dear Lord, I can't understand how you could <u>ever love me</u>, but I believe that <u>you died</u> for **me** so that I could be <u>forgiven</u> for <u>all my sins</u>. Please <u>forgive me</u> and <u>come into</u> **my heart** and **change me completely!** Help me to be **willing** to *follow you* <u>completely</u>. Thank you for hearing my prayer.

In Jesus' precious name, Amen

Doctrinal Truth (Taught by **Jesus** in the Parable of "The Old and New Wine Bottles")

Spiritual "Wine" represents Doctrine.
 Old wine represents False Doctrine.
 New wine represents True Doctrine.

- A Spiritual "Bottle" represents a Person.
 Old bottle represents an unconverted person.
 New bottle represents a converted person.
- 3. The <u>main teaching</u> of the parable is:
 A **person** (bottle) must be **converted** (new bottle)
 before they will accept **True** Doctrine (new wine).
- 4. An **unconverted** person will **reject** the "**Truth**" (**True** <u>Doctrine</u>) and the person will be lost.
- 5. An **unconverted** person's life is focused on <u>pleasing</u> **himself**.
- 6. A **converted** person's life is focused on <u>pleasing</u> **Jesus**.
- 7. **Conversion** *changes* the **focus** of the **life!**
- 8. A **converted** person is willing to *follow Jesus* no matter **what** the <u>consequences to himself</u>!
- 9. **True** <u>Doctrine</u> is designed by God to determine who **really** loves Him and to "*weed out*" the **unconverted** who love **themselves** more than God.
- 10. **Jesus** gave up <u>everything</u> for **us** and He expects us to be willing to give up everything for **Him**.
- 11. **Jesus** will <u>never</u> ask us to "give up" anything that is not in our best interest!

- 12. We must put **Jesus** *before* family, friends, our job, money or <u>anything else!</u>
- 13. The "<u>tinsel</u>" and "<u>trinkets</u>" of this <u>world</u> and the <u>love</u> of friends or family **cannot** be compared to the **love** of God and the **joys** of **Heaven** and **Eternal Life**.
- 14. We **must** be **converted** or "born again" in order to be part of the kingdom of heaven.

The Parable Of:

"The Grain of Mustard Seed"

(The Importance of **Faith** and How to Obtain it)

The **Parable** of:

"The Grain of Mustard Seed" (Matthew 13:31, 32)

Matthew 13:31, 32

- **31** Another parable put he forth unto them, saying, The kingdom of heaven is like to a grain of <u>mustard seed</u>, which a man took, and sowed in his field:
- **32** Which indeed is the least of all seeds: but when it is grown, it is the greatest among herbs, and becometh a tree, so that the birds of the air come and lodge in the branches thereof.

Comments:

Jesus begins this parable by comparing the "kingdom of heaven" to being like a mustard seed. A comparison of Bible texts using the words "kingdom of heaven" shows that this phrase represents the "Church". In this instance then, Jesus is comparing the "Church" (kingdom of heaven) to being like a grain of mustard seed.

In the parable the <u>mustard seed</u> is described as being the "*least*" of all seeds. In other words the <u>mustard seed</u> is <u>very small</u>. The parable then describes how when the <u>mustard seed</u> is grown it becomes the "*greatest*" of all herbs and becomes a tree.

When we put what we have learned <u>together</u> we see that Jesus is saying:

The **Church** (kingdom of heaven) is like a <u>mustard seed</u>. In the beginning it will be <u>very</u> **small** (least), but it will <u>grow</u> and become the **greatest** of all at the last.

In this parable a *man* sowed the <u>mustard seed</u> in his field. In the parable of the "<u>tares among the wheat</u>"

(Matthew 13:24-30; 30-43) **Jesus** or the "son of man" is the one who **sowed** the seed (verse 37). The **field** represents the **world** (verse 38).

When we put what we have learned from the Bible together, we see that the parable tells us that it was **Jesus** (man) who "planted" or <u>established</u> (sowed) the **Church** (mustard seed) in the <u>world</u> (field).

Comparison of Scripture:

When we use the <u>Concordance</u> to look up the word "*mustard*", we discover that there are <u>five texts</u> in the Bible where this word is found. Three texts (Matt.13:31; Mark 4:31; Luke 13:19) describe the <u>mustard seed</u> as representing the "kingdom of heaven" or the <u>Church</u>. Two texts (Matt. 17:20, Luke 17:6) describe the <u>mustard seed</u> as representing **Faith**. We will now look at this <u>second meaning</u> as used in the parable.

Matthew 17:20 And Jesus said unto them, because of your *faith* as a grain of <u>mustard seed</u>, ye shall say unto this mountain, remove hence to yonder place; and it shall remove; and nothing shall be impossible unto you.

Luke 17:6 And the Lord said, If ye had *faith* as a grain of mustard seed, ye might say unto this sycamore tree, be thou plucked up by the root, and be thou planted in the sea; and it should obey you.

These <u>two texts</u> make it plain that Jesus wanted us to also associate the "<u>mustard seed</u>" with **Faith**. It appears then, that Jesus wanted us to see the <u>connection</u> between the <u>mustard seed</u> representing both the **Church** (kingdom of heaven) and our **Faith**.

We will look at the parable again and this time we will use the <u>second meaning</u> of "*mustard seed*" as **Faith**.

Matthew 13:31 "Another parable put he forth unto them, saying, The kingdom of heaven is like to a grain of <u>mustard</u> seed, which a <u>man</u> took, and <u>sowed</u> in his <u>field</u>:

32 Which indeed is the *least* of <u>all seeds</u>: but when it is grown, it is the *greatest* among herbs, and becometh a tree, so that the birds of the air come and lodge in the branches thereof."

We will <u>paraphrase</u> the text by <u>substituting</u> the meaning of *mustard seed* as "**Faith**".

Paraphrase:

The kingdom of heaven is like a tiny speck of **Faith** (mustard seed), which **Jesus** (man) took and <u>placed</u> (sowed) in the <u>world</u> (field). Although it is <u>very</u> **small** (least) at first, later when it has **grown**, it will be the <u>greatest</u> of all.

When we examine what we have learned we see several things:

- 1. At the start our <u>Faith</u> will be <u>very</u> **small**.
- 2. Our Faith can increase or **grow**.
- 3. <u>Jesus</u> is the one who gives us **Faith**.
- 4. The <u>Church</u> needs *more* **Faith** (Matt. 17:20)
- 5. As our <u>Faith</u> grows, the **Church** will grow.
- 6. Nothing will be impossible for us if we have Faith!

Now, we need to <u>learn more</u> about the word "<u>Faith</u>". We will begin by discovering the *definition* of "**Faith**" by using <u>Strong's Concordance</u>:

(Greek)

If ye have <u>faith</u> as a ... Matt. 17:20 ... #4102 ... Pistis

Conviction of religious truth, reliance upon Christ for Salvation, Constancy in profession, assurance, belief, believe, faith, fidelity.

Thus, "Faith" is **belief** in Christ and **reliance** upon Him for Salvation!

Now, let us learn <u>more</u> about "**Faith**" by <u>Comparing Scripture</u>.

Romans 12:3, 6

- 3...God hath dealt to **every** ↔ **man** the **measure** of **faith**.
- **6**...according to the **proportion** of <u>faith</u>;

given **some** amount of **faith**. Some have been given **more** than others. Each one is responsible for the amount given him.

Everyone has been

Hebrews 12:2

2 Looking unto **Jesus** the **author** and **finisher** of our faith;....

Jesus gave us our

 ← faith to begin with and He will help us to increase our faith.

Hebrews 11:6

6 But without faith it is impossible to please him; for he that cometh to God must believe that he is, and that he is a rewarder of them that diligently seek him.

 ← It is <u>impossible</u> to <u>please God</u> without faith!

Hebrews 11:1

1 Now faith is the substance of things hoped for, the evidence of things not seen.

If we can <u>see</u> what we
 ⇔ desire we <u>don't need</u>
 <u>faith</u>. Faith helps us
 to obtain what
 is not visible.

II Corinthians 5:7

7 For we walk by faith, not by sight:

Romans 10:17

17 So then faith cometh by hearing, and hearing by the Word of God.

Faith is increased as

we study the Word of
God or the Bible.

II Corinthians 10:15

15but having hope, when your **faith** is **increased** ...

As our <u>Faith</u> increases it gives us hope.

James 1:6, 7
6 But let him ask in faith,
nothing wavering. For he
that wavereth is like a
wave of the sea driven
with the wind and tossed.
7 For let that man think
that he shall receive

anything of the Lord.

We are **not** to **doubt** when we <u>ask</u> for things but are to have **faith** that we **will** receive them.

 \leftrightarrow

James 1:3

3 Knowing this, that the **trying** of your **faith** worketh patience.

Sometimes the things we <u>ask</u> for are not received <u>right away</u>. This helps us to <u>develop patience</u>.

 \leftrightarrow

 \leftrightarrow

I Peter 1:7

7 That the **trial** of **your faith**, being much more precious than of gold that perisheth, though it be **tried with fire**, might be found unto praise and honour and glory at the appearing of Jesus Christ:

 Sometimes we have <u>hard trials</u> and our **faith** is **tested** by God.

I Peter 1:9

9 Receiving the **end** of **your faith**, even the **salvation** of your souls.

Remember that the end result of having faith is that God will save you!

Ephesians 2:8

8 For by grace are ye saved through faith; and that not of yourselves: it is the gift of God:

 \leftrightarrow <u>Faith</u> is a **gift** from God.

Romans 4:29, 30

29 Is he the God of the Jews only? is he not also of the Gentiles also: 30 Seeing it is one God, which shall justify the circumcision by faith, and uncircumcision through faith.

Everyone whether they are Jews or Gentiles are saved one way; by faith.

Jude 3

3 Beloved, when I gave all diligence to write unto you of the **common** salvation, it was needful for me to write unto you, and exhort you that ye should earnestly contend for the faith which was once delivered unto the saints.

→ There is a common
 Salvation for everyone
 but some have
 perverted the faith.
 We are to earnestly
 "contend" or
 "struggle" until we discover the truth or
 e faith that was once given to God's people.

I Timothy 6:12 12 **Fight** the **good fight** of faith, lay hold on eternal life, whereunto thou art also called, and hast professed a good profession before many witnesses. **II Timothy** 4:7, 8 \leftrightarrow 7 I have **fought** a **good fight**, I have finished my course, I have kept the **faith**: 8 Henceforth there is laid up for me a crown of righteousness, which the Lord, the righteous judge, shall give me at that day: and not to me only, but unto all them also that love his

appearing.

We have to <u>struggle</u> or **fight** against the <u>devil</u> who wants to prevent us from <u>having</u> **faith**.

I John 5:4

4 For whatsoever is born of God overcometh the world: and this is the **victory** that **overcometh** the world, even **our faith**.

 Our faith will give us the victory over the <u>devil</u> and the <u>world</u>.

Romans 4:22, 25

22 Even the righteousness of God which is by **faith** of <u>Jesus Christ</u> unto all and upon **all them** that **believe**: for there is no difference: 25 Whom God hath set forth to be a propitiation through **faith** \leftrightarrow **his blood**, to declare his righteousness for the remission of sins that are past, through the forbearance of God:

When we believe and have faith in Jesus and His blood, His righteousness will be given to us and in our sins will be forgiven!

Revelation 14:12

12 Here is the **patience** of the saints: here are they that keep the commandments of God, and the **faith** of **Jesus**.

God's people will overcome as they patiently keep the commandments of God and have faith in Jesus.

Summary:

In the parable Jesus predicts that the **Church** will begin as the *smallest* of "<u>all kingdoms</u>" but will continue to <u>grow</u> until it becomes *greater* than <u>any earthly kingdom</u>. The <u>second meaning</u> of the parable applies to our **Faith**. <u>Jesus</u> describes how our **Faith** starts out <u>very</u> **small**, yet it

has the possibility of becoming great!

Jesus often chided people for their lack of faith: "O ye of little faith". As we compared the Scriptures to discover more about "faith", we learned why Jesus took the time to teach a parable about faith. We discovered that "without faith" it is impossible to please God", and that it is "our faith" that will give us the victory to overcome the Devil and the world. Finally, we learned that our faith grows or increases as we study the Bible.

<u>Doctrinal Truth</u> (Taught by **Jesus** in the Parable of "The Grain of Mustard Seed")

- 1. **Jesus** is the one who "planted" or established the **Church**.
- 2. <u>Jesus</u> said that in the beginning the **Church** would be very **small**, but it would *grow* until it became <u>great</u>.
- 3. <u>Jesus</u> also said that our "**faith**" would be very **small** in the beginning, but our <u>faith</u> would *grow* until it too became <u>great</u>.
- 4. It is plain that <u>Jesus</u> has <u>connected</u> the *growth* of our "**faith**" with the *growth* of the "**Church**". As our **faith** grows so will the **Church** grow.
- 5. One definition of "**faith**" is **belief** <u>in Christ</u> and **reliance** upon **Him** for <u>Salvation</u>.
- 6. **Jesus** has given everyone the *gift* of <u>some</u> **faith**.
- 7. It is up to **us** to see that our <u>faith</u> **increases**.

- 8. Our **faith increases** as we *study the Bible* or "Word of God".
- 9. It will be <u>impossible</u> to please God <u>without</u> **faith**.
- 10. **Faith** helps us to "**see**" in <u>our</u> **mind** things that are **not visible** to the **eye**.
- 11. <u>Faith</u> is the <u>opposite</u> of **doubt** or <u>unbelief</u>.
- 12. When we <u>ask</u> God for something we are to have **faith** to <u>believe</u> that He **will** <u>give</u> it to <u>us</u>. If we <u>doubt</u> we will **not** <u>receive</u> anything.
- 13. If we do **not** receive the things we ask for <u>right away</u>, we are to have <u>patience</u>. This "*testing*" of our **faith** develops <u>patience</u>.
- 14. Everyone will be saved the same way by **faith**.
- 15. Our **faith** will give us the <u>victory</u> over the Devil and the world.
- 16. When we <u>believe</u> and have **faith** in <u>Jesus</u> and <u>His</u> **blood** shed for us, *His Righteousness* will be <u>given</u> to **us** and our <u>sins</u> will be <u>forgiven</u>.
- 17. God's people will *overcome* as they <u>patiently</u> keep the <u>commandments</u> <u>of God</u> and have **faith** in **Jesus**.

The Parable Of:

"Choosing The Broad Or Narrow Way"

(Many People are in the **Wrong Church**)

The **Parable** of:

"Choosing The Broad Or Narrow Way"

Matthew 7: 13,14

13 "Enter ye in at the **strait** gate: for wide is the gate, and **broad** is the way, that leadeth to destruction, and many there be which go in thereat:

14 Because strait is the gate, and **narrow** is the way, which leadeth unto life, and few there be that find it".

We will use the Concordance to determine the meaning of the word "strait".

Enter ye in at the **strait** gate...Matthew 7:13.... #4728 #4728 στενός stěnŏs *strait*

...narrow (because of obstacles standing close by)

Thus, the word "strait" means narrow

Paraphrase: (1) Enter in at the **narrow** gate: because the **wide** gate and the **broad** way leads to **destruction** and there will be **many** that will go through the **wide** gate. The **narrow** gate leads to **life** and only a **few** will **find** it.

Paraphrase (2) Most people will be **lost!** Only a **few** people will be **saved!!** There is a way that leads to life and there is another way that leads to **destruction!** The **way** that leads to **life** is **not easy to find** and only a **few** find it. The **way** that leads to **destruction** is **easy to** find, and **almost everyone** is traveling on it.

Comments and Questions

- 1. There must be a **reason** that **most people** will choose the "**broad**" way, because no one wants to be **destroyed!**
- 2. The "narrow" way must require a search in order to "find" it, because the text says only a few "find" "it".
- 3. "**Destruction**" is the reward for those who choose the "**broad**" way or that go through the "**wide**" gate.
- "Life" is the reward for those that choose the "narrow" way or that go through the "narrow" gate.
- 4. What do the words "destruction" and "life" mean literally?
- 5. What do the two different "gates" represent?
- 6. What do the two different "ways" represent?
- 7. Is this parable speaking about people **in general** or about people who are **church members**?

LIFE Matt. 7:14....#2222

#2222 ζωή zōē life from #2198 to live

Thus, the word "life" in the text means to literally live.

Destruction Matt.7:13....#684

#684 άπώλεια apōlĕia destruction, die, from #622

#622 άπόλλυμι apŏllumi to destroy fully

Thus, the word "destruction" used in the text means to literally "die", and be "fully destroyed".

Comparing "Scripture With Scripture"

Luke 13:23-24

23 Then said one unto him, Lord are there **few** that **be saved**?
24 Strive to enter in at the **strait** gate: for **many**, I say unto you, will **seek to enter in**, and **shall not be able**.

Matthew 7:21-23

21 **Not everyone** that **saith** unto me, **Lord**, **Lord**, shall enter into the kingdom of heaven: but he that **doeth** the **will** of **my father** which is in heaven.

22 Many will say to me in that day, Lord, Lord, have we not prophesied in thy name? and in thy name cast out devils? and in thy name done many wonderful works?

23 And then will I profess unto them, I never knew you, depart from me, ye that work iniquity.

Luke 13:26-27

26 Then shall, ye begin to say, We have eaten and drunk in thy presence, and thou hast taught in our streets.

27 But he shall say, I tell you, I know you not whence ye are; depart from me, all ye workers of iniquity.

Many

will
 seek to enter in,
 and
 shall not be able

Only those doing★ the will of Godwill be saved.

who have:
----Prophesied
in the name of Jesus
-----Cast out devils
in the name of Jesus
-----Done many
wonderful works
in the name of Jesus

---Had Communionat Church---Heard the Truth

→ ManyWill be Lostwhile thinkingthey are Saved!

Since the "many" appear to be "Christians" and yet they will be lost, then the "broad way" and the "wide gate" that the "many" go through must represent the doors of False Churches that people enter and are deceived by (false prophets or false teachers).

The entire parable seems to be addressing **only** those who "**claim** to be **Christians**"!(prophesying in the name of Jesus and casting out devils) Matthew 7:22

If the "**many**" spoken of were those who did not claim to be Christians or heathen etc., then there should have been some plain description of them and there is **none!**Therefore the "**many**" represent a **lot** of "**Christians**" who will be **lost!!**

Since the "many" who will be lost appear to be surprised when the Lord does not "know them", they must have been "Christians" who were deceived by their Religious teachers. They "thought" that they were "Christians", (prophesied, cast out devils, wonderful works) and yet were not, according to the Words of Jesus. They were "workers of iniquity" or sinners.

The **warning** that Jesus gives in the parable about "false prophets" in sheeps clothing who are inwardly like "ravening wolves" seems to have been **missed** by them. (see next page)

They accepted the **teachings** of their Religious Leaders as **truth** when it was **error**. Too late they discover that "**all Churches**" do **not** lead to heaven but rather the "**way**" is **narrow** and the true Church

or Church that teaches truth must be sought for.

Matthew 7:15-17

15 **Beware** of **false prophets**, which come to you in sheeps clothing, but inwardly they are ravening wolves.
16 Ye shall **know them** by **their fruits**...

17 ...every **good tree** bringeth forth **good fruit**; but a *corrupt tree* bringeth forth *evil fruit*.

Watch out for teachers who will try to deceive you!

Inspect their fruit!

Outwardly, the Religious teachers or "prophets" appeared to be "**Genuine** Christians" (sheeps clothing), but in reality they were **impostors** and were instead being used by Satan (ravening wolves) to **destroy** God's people (sheep) and **prevent them** from learning **truth**. (*false* prophets teach *false* things).

These "deceived Christians" that will be lost will not have an excuse, because Jesus has clearly told them how to tell the difference between a teacher of truth and a false teacher!

The "**test**" of the **teacher** is to examine their "**fruit**". ("Ye shall know them by their **fruits**") Matthew 7:16-20

It is **not enough** evidently to look on the "outward appearance" and see a "distinguished" looking man or a "kind person" or even a "good speaker". Even having a "**Phd.** in Religion" is **not enough**, as the "**Pharisees**" (Drs. of the law) in Jesus' day have already shown us by their treatment of Jesus!

Let's "Compare Scripture with Scripture" and see what the Bible says about this "*Fruit*" we are to look for.

Luke 6:43,45,46

43 For a **good tree** bringeth not forth corrupt fruit; neither doth a corrupt tree bring forth good fruit.
45 A **good man** out of the good treasure of his heart bringeth forth that which is **good**; and an evil man out of the evil treasure of his heart bringeth forth that which is evil: for of the abundance of the heart the

46 And why call ye me, **Lord**, **Lord**, and **do not** the things which I say?

Matthew 7:19-21

which is in heaven.

mouth speaketh.

19 Every tree that bringeth not forth **good fruit** is hewn down and cast into the fire.

20 Wherefore by their **fruits** ye shall **know them**.

21 Not every one that saith unto me, **Lord, Lord,** shall enter into the Kingdom of heaven; but **he that doeth the will of my Father**

Fruit

A "good" man will produce "good" fruit

An "evil" man with "corrupt" fruit will not do the things the Lord says to do.

If a man's "fruit" is "good" he will do the will of God

Thus, the **Bible** tells us to "watchout" for religious teachers who will try to deceive us. In order to tell a "good teacher" from a "false teacher", the **Bible** tells us that a "good teacher" will **DO** the things that the **Lord** says to do, while a "false teacher" will not do the things the **Lord** says to do.

Thus, the "fruit" of the "teacher" is related to their obedience or disobedience to God!

John 15:4,5,10

4 **Abide** in **me**, and I in you. As the branch cannot bear **fruit** of itself, except it abide in the vine; no more can ye, except ye **abide** in **me**.

5 ...He that **abideth** in **me**, and I in him, the same bringeth forth much **fruit**: for without me ye can do nothing.

10 **If** ye **keep my commandments**, ye **shall abide** in my love; even as I have kept my Father's commandments, and **abide** in his love.

I John 3:6,7,10

6 Whosoever **abideth** in him **sinneth not**: whoso sinneth hath not seen him, **neither known him**. 7 Little children,

let no man deceive you: ...

10 In this the children of God are manifest, and the children of the devil: whosoever doeth not righteousness is not of God...

Ephesians 5:5,6,9

5 For this ye know, that **no** whoremonger, nor unclean person, nor covetous man, who is an idolater, hath any **inheritance** in the kingdom of Christ and of God.

6 Let no **man** deceive **you** with vain words: for **because** of these things cometh the **wrath** of God upon the **children** of **disobedience**.

9 For the **Fruit** of **the Spirit** is in all goodness and righteousness and truth.

Fruit (cont.)

We must "abide" in Christ in order to bear "fruit".

Those "abiding" in Christ will keep His Commandments and will "abide" in His love.

Those "abiding" in Christ will not be willfully sinning.

Don't let any man deceive you on this.

God's children will be doing righteousness.

Those who sin willfully will not be in heaven!
Don't let any man deceive you on this.

The "Fruit" of the Holy Spirit is righteousness, not sinfulness!

I John 2:4,6

4 He that saith, I know him, and keepeth not his commandments, is a liar, and the truth is not in him. 6 He that saith he abideth in him ought himself also to walk, even as he walked.

If we say
"we know the Lord"
and yet don't keep
His Commandments
we are liars

John 14:15,21

15 **If** ye **love me**

keep my commandments.

21 **He** that **hath** my **commandments**, and *keepeth them*,

he it is that loveth me: and he that loveth me shall be loved of my Father,

and **I** will **love him**, and will manifest myself to him.

The "TEST"

of **LOVE**

John 15:10

If ye keep my commandments,
ye shall abide in my love; even as

I have kept my Father's commandments,
and abide in his love.

The Lord
"knows"
those that
"really"
Love Him

("FRUIT")

Conclusions: (from comparison of Scripture)

- 1. A person **cannot** bear **good** "**fruit**" unless they "**abide**" in Jesus Christ. (John 15:4,5)
- 2. In order to "**abide**" in Christ and His love the person must be a "**commandment keeper**". (John 15:10; I John 3:6,4,24)
- 3. The **distinction between** those who are the "children of **God**" and the "children of the **devil**" is "made **manifest**" or made **plain** by whether they "**do righteousness**" or **not**. (I John 3:10)
- 4. Those entering into the kingdom of heaven will be those who "**do** the will of God". (Matt. 7:21: Luke 6:46-49: II Peter 1:4-11)
- 5. Those "**abiding**" in Christ and "**keeping His Commandments** will be given the **Holy Spirit**. (I John 3:22-24)
- 6. Those having the **Holy Spirit** will be "bringing forth" the "**fruit**" of the **Spirit** which is: love, joy, peace, longsuffering, gentleness, faith, meekness, temperance, goodness, righteousness, and truth, proving what is acceptable to the Lord. (Gal. 5:22,23; Eph. 5:9,10)

7. Those who do **not** "**abide**" in Christ will be "**commandment breakers**" (I John 2:4,6) and they will **not** be **doing** the things the Lord said to do. (Luke 6:46)

Their "fruit" or "works of the flesh" will be these: adultery, fornication, uncleaness, lasciviousness, idolatry, witchcraft,... wrath, strife, seditions, heresies, envyings, murders, drunkenness, revellings,

whoremonger, covetousness.

(Gal. 5:19-21; Eph. 5:5-7)

They are called the "children of **disobedience**" (Eph.5:6) or "workers of **iniquity**" (Matt. 7:21-23)

Now let's compare Scripture to discover the meaning of the "gates" in the Parable.

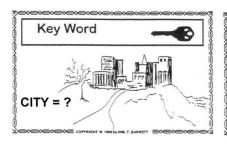
GATE (Physical)

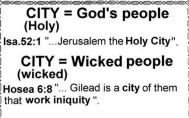
The parable mentions **two** "**gates**"; a "**narrow**" gate" and a "**broad** gate". When we think of a "**gate**" we normally think of the entrance into a **city**.

- 1. The first text in the Bible that mentions a gate is Gen. 19:1. The **gate** of the **wicked city Sodom.**
- 2. The last text in the Bible that mentions a gate is Rev.21:21. The **gate** of the **Holy City, New Jerusalem**.
- 3. Those that entered the **gate** of **Sodom** and **stayed there**, received the reward of **destruction**. (Luke 17:29)
- 4. Those that enter the **gate** of the **New Jerusalem** will **stay there**, and receive the reward of **eternal life**. (Rev. 21:1,2; Rev. 22:14,15)

GATE (Spiritual)

A "city" represents a group of people. The kind of city, represents the kind of people





Thus, the "gate" of the city would represent entrance into either: God's Church or a False Church.

Genesis 28:17,19 17 And he was afraid, and said, How dreadful is this place! This is none other but the

house of God, and this gate = house of God is the gate of heaven. (of heaven) (Church)

19 And he called the name of that place

*Beth-el:

* #1008 **house** of God

Jeremiah 7:2 2 Stand in the gate of the Lord's house. and proclaim there place to this word, and say, worship Hear the word of gate = of the the Lord the Lord, all ye of (Lord's house) (Church) Judah, that enter in at these gates to worship the Lord.

Thus, the "gate" of heaven" represents the "narrow gate" or true Church of God.

Now let's look at the;

"Broad gate" or "False Church"

Jeremiah 7:4 4 Trust ye not in lying words, saying, The temple of the Lord, The temple of the Lord, The temple of the Lord, are these.

False teachers lie and lead the people to believe that belonging to the Church will save them Church of the Lord Church of the Lord Church of the Lord

Continued

Jeremiah 7:8-11, 14-15 8 Behold, ye trust in **lying** words, that cannot profit. 9 Will ye steal, murder, and commit **adultery**, and swear \leftrightarrow falsely, and burn incense unto Bā'-ăl, and walk after other gods whom ye know not; 10 And come and stand before me in this house. which is called by my name, and say, We are *delivered to **do** all these **abominations**? 11 Is this **house**, which is called by my name, become a den of robbers in your eyes? Behold, even I have seen it, saith the Lord. * #5337 saved

14 Therefore will I do unto *this* house, which is called by my name, wherein ye trust, and unto the place which I gave to you and to your fathers, as I have done to Shiloh.

15 And I will cast you out of my sight, as I have cast out all your brethren, even the whole seed of E'-phră-ĭm.

← False teachers lie

The **false** teachers tell the people that once they join the **Church** then they are *saved and not "under the 10 commandment law", and are at liberty to do whatever they want. This is the "house" or Church called by the **name** of Christ. (Christian Church)

The Lord will reject the "Christian Church" and those calling themselves "Christians" who break His 10 commandments.

This is the "broad" gate or False Church that leads to destruction.

From: "The Living Bible"
II Peter 2:12.19-22

"But false teachers are fools ---no better than animals. They do whatever they feel like;... "You aren't saved by being good," they say, "so you might as well be bad. Do what you like, be free."

But these very teachers who offer this "freedom" from law are themselves slaves to sin and destruction. For a man is a slave to whatever controls him. And when a person has escaped from the wicked way of the world by learning about our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, and then gets tangled up with sin and becomes its slave again, he is worse off than he was before. It would be better if he had never known about Christ at all than to learn of him and then afterwards turn his back on the holy commandments that were given to him. There is an old saying that "A dog comes back to what he has vomited and a pig is washed only to come back and wallow in the mud again." That is the way it is with those who turn again to their sin.

From: "The Living Bible" **Jude 3**

Dearly loved friends, I have been planning to write you some thoughts about the salvation God has given us, but now I find I must write of something else instead, urging you to stoutly defend the truth which God gave, once for all, to his people to keep without change through the years. I say this because some godless teachers have wormed their way in among you, saying that after we become Christians we can do just as we like without fear of God's punishment. The fate of such people was written long ago, for they have turned against our only Master and Lord, Jesus Christ.

The New Covenant
Hebrews 10: 16
16 This is the covenant that
I will make with them after
those days, saith the Lord,
I will put my laws into
their hearts, and in their
minds will I write them.

It would not make sense for God to "write His Law" in our hearts and minds and then tell us to "do away" with His Law!!

Hebrews 10:26-29

26 For **if** we **sin wilfully** after that we have received the knowledge of the truth, there remaineth **no more sacrifice for sins**.

27 But a certain fearful looking for of judgment and firey indignation, which shall devour the adversaries.
28 He that despised Moses law died without mercy under two or three witnesses:
29 Of how much sorer punishment, suppose ye, shall he he thought worthy.

suppose ye, shall he be thought worthy, who hath **trodden under foot the Son of God**, and hath counted the **blood of the covenant**, wherewith he was sanctified, an **unholy thing**, and hath done *despite unto the Spirit of grace? If we sin wilfully after we have learned the truth, the sacrifice of Jesus's blood will no longer cover our sins.

We can expect the **Judgment** and **firey indignation** of God without mercy.

By wilfully sinning after knowing the truth, we are insulting God and Jesus and the Holy Spirit by "treading under our feet" the Blood of Jesus that was shed for our sins that broke God's covenant or Law of 10 commandments.

*The word "despite" #1796 means "to insult".

WAY

The Parable said that "few" find the narrow "way". The Bible gives us reasons why "few" find it!

II Peter 2:1-2

1 But there were false prophets also among the people, even as there shall be false teachers among you, who privily shall bring in damnable heresies, even denying the Lord that bought them, and bring upon themselves swift destruction.
2 And many shall follow their *pernicious ways; by reason of whom the way of truth shall be evil spoken of.

False teachers deceive the "many"

* #684 destructive

Comment:

When people discover the "way" of truth, (narrow way), their false teachers "speak evil" or say bad things about those teaching the truth and turn them away from finding and following the truth or "narrow" way!

They are led to believe that such a small group ("few") could not have the **truth** ("**narrow**" way), but God says "Thou shalt **not follow** a **multitude** to do **evil**." Ex. 23:2 or to paraphrase the text:

You shall **not follow** the "**many**" to **break** God's Law.

WAY (cont.)

John 14: 5,6

5 Thomas saith unto him, Lord, we know not whither thou goest; and how can we **know** the **way**? 6 **Jesus saith** unto him, **I am** the **way**, the truth and the life: no man cometh unto the Father, but by me.

Anyone can know the "way" by following

Proverbs 12: 28

28 In the **way** of righteousness is **life**; and in the pathway thereof there is no death.

The "way" of righteousness leads to life.

Proverbs 10:17

17 He is in the **way** of **life** that keepeth instruction: but he that refuseth reproof erreth.

When we **keep instruction** and are willing to receive **correction**, we are in the "way" of life.

Acts 24:14

14 But this I confess unto thee, that after the way which they call heresy, so worship I the God of my fathers, believing all things which are written in the law and in the prophets.

The "way" will be called heresy but it will be the truth and it consists of "believing all things that are written" in the law (10 Commandments) and in the prophets (the rest of the Bible).

WAY (cont.)

Proverbs 14:12

12 There is a **way** which **seemeth** right unto a man, but the end thereof are the ways of **death**.

There is another "way" which "seems right" but it is the wrong way and leads to death(this is the broad "way" which leads to destruction). Notice that this "way" "seems right"!! Apparently most of the Christian world, the "many" will be fooled by Satan and his false teachers into taking this "way".

Isaiah 3:12

12 As for my people, children are their oppressors, and women rule over them. O my people they which lead thee cause thee to err, and destroy the way of thy paths.

It is their Religious Leaders that cause God's People to err and take the wrong "way". Their Pastors and Teachers "destroy" the right "way"!

Malachi 2:7-9

7 For the **priest's lips** should keep knowledge, and they should seek the law at his mouth: For he is the messenger of the Lord of hosts.

8 But ye are **departed out** of the **way**: ye have caused **many** to stumble at the **law**; ye have corrupted the **covenant** Levi, saith the Lord of hosts.

9 Therefore have I also made you contemptible and base before all the people, according as **ye** have **not** kept my ways, but been **partial** in the **law**.

The Priests and Pastors have "departed out of the "way" or left the truth of God.

They have caused "many" (broadway) to be "partial" in the Law or in other words, they have prevented them from "keeping all the law".

Evidently there is a part of the of Ten Commandments that the Priests and Pastors do not want to keep and so tell the people that they don't have to keep that part of the Law either

Doctrinal Truth (Taught by **Jesus** in the Parable of "Choosing the Broad or Narrow Way")

- 1. Only a "few" will receive eternal life.
- 2. "Many" people will **think** that they are going to receive eternal life, but they will be **destroyed** instead.
- 3. It is **false teachers** that cause the "**many**" to be **destroyed**.
- 4. The **false** teachers "**appear**" to be "**Genuine Christians**" (sheeps clothing) but they are **not**.
- 5. The Lord advises us to "**test**" our teachers by observing their "**fruit**", instead of looking at the "outward appearance" (sheeps clothing)
- 6. Jesus said that no one could produce "**good fruit**" unless they "**abide** in **Him**". He also said that **if** they would "keep His Commandments" they would "**abide** in His love".
- 7. When a person "abides in Jesus" and "keeps His Commandments", they **will** be given the **Holy Spirit**, which is the **good** "**fruit**" producer.
- (I John 3:24; Gal.5:22,23; Eph.5:5-7)
- 8. Since the "broad way" Christians "thought" that they were "abiding in Jesus" but were not because Jesus said He "never knew them", it is very important to be able to know with certainty that you are "abiding" in Jesus!

9. The "test" for **knowing with certainty** that you **are** "**abiding**" in **Jesus** is a very simple one. Do you *keep the Commandments* of God?

If you do, then you may **know with certainty** that **you are** "**abiding**" **in Jesus** and He is abiding in you!

If you **don't**, then you are **not** "abiding in Jesus" and He is

If you **don't**, then you are **not** "abiding in Jesus" and He is **not** "**abiding in you**".

John 15:10

10 If ye keep my commandments, ye shall abide in my love;...

I John 3: 6,24

- 6 Whosoever **abideth in him** <u>sinneth **not**</u>: whosoever sinneth hath not seen him, neither known him.
- 24 And he that *keepeth* his *commandments* dwelleth **in him**, and **he in him**. And hereby **we know** that **he abideth in us**, by the Spirit which he hath given us.
- 10. The "fruit" of a "teacher" or anyone cannot be good fruit, unless they are "keeping the commandments of God," because unless they are, they cannot be "abiding in Jesus" and so cannot produce "good fruit"!
- 11. The "**test**" of a **false teacher** will **show** that they do **not** "keep the commandments" of God. Remember it is not necessary that they "break them **all**".

They can keep **9 of them** and "**look**" like a "**Genuine Christian**" (sheeps clothing) but in God's sight they are "**not**" "**abiding** in Him" and He does **not know them!** They only have to break **one** of them "**wilfully**" and then they are being "**partial** in the **law**".(Malachi 2:7-9)

James 2:10-12

10 For whosoever shall keep the whole law, and yet **offend** in **one point**, he is **guilty of all**.

12. Since the "test" of "abiding in Jesus" and determining "false teachers" centers on "keeping the 10 Commandments", it would be wise to consider each of the Commandments individually and to determine if any of them are being broken wilfully by the "teacher" whose "fruit" you are inspecting. Remember, that the Lord is not asking you to "judge" the heart and secret sins, but only outward, wilful breaking of any of the 10 Commandments.

The Ten Commandments

Exodus 20:1-17

- 1 And God spake all these words, saying,
- 2 I am the Lord thy God, which have brought thee out of the land of Egypt, out of the house of bondage.
- [1] 3 Thou shalt have no other gods before me.
- [2] 4 Thou shalt not make unto thee any graven image, or any likeness of any thing that is in heaven above, or that is in the earth beneath, or that is in the water under the earth:
 - 5 Thou shalt not bow down thyself to them, nor serve them: for I the Lord thy God am a jealous God, visiting the iniquity of the fathers upon the children unto the third and forth generations of them that hate me;
 - 6 And shewing mercy unto thousands of them that love me, and keep my commandments.
- [3] 7 Thou shalt not take the name of the Lord thy God in vain.
- [4] 8 Remember the Sabbath day, to keep it holy.
 - 9 Six days shalt thou labour, and do all thy work:

- 10 But the seventh day is the Sabbath of the Lord thy God: in it thou shalt not do any work, thou, nor thy son, nor thy daughter, nor thy manservant, nor thy maidservant, nor thy cattle, nor thy stranger that is within thy gates:
- 11 For in six days the Lord made heaven and earth, the sea, and all that in them is, and rested the seventh day: wherefore the Lord blessed the Sabbath day and hallowed it.
- [5] 12 Honour thy father and thy mother that thy days may be long upon the land which the Lord thy God giveth thee.
- [6] 13 Thou shalt not kill.
- [7] 14 Thou shalt not commit adultery.
- [8] 15 Thou shalt not steal.
- [9] 16 Thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbor
- [10] 17 Thou shalt not covet thy neighbor's house. Thou shalt not covet thy neighbors wife nor his manservant, nor his maidservant, nor his ox, nor his ass, nor anything that is thy neighbor's.
- 13 **False** teachers will "**speak evil**" about those who are **True Christians** and who are "**abiding** in Jesus" and "**keeping** His Commandments". Because there will be "**few**" in number on the "**narrow** way", **false** teachers will claim they cannot have the "truth.
- 14 **False** teachers will turn the "**grace**" of God into "**lasciviousness**" by telling people that once they become Christians they <u>no longer have to keep the Law</u> of God. This is why there is so much **sin** in the **Church** and why the world cannot tell a "**Christian**" from a "**non Christian**"!

- 15. The right way or "narrow way" is found by "believing all things in the Law and in the prophets, or in other words keeping all the Commandments and believing all the Bible.
- 16. The "many" on the "broad way" (workers of iniquity), will receive "destruction" as their reward. They will be destroyed by fire and brimstone from heaven, which will "burn them up" and leave nothing but ashes.
- 17. The "**few**" on the "**narrow** way" (Commandment keepers), will receive eternal "**life**" as their **reward**.
- 18. The "many" on the "broad way" who will be destroyed and the "few" on the "narrow way" who will receive Eternal Life in this parable were both claiming to be Christians or were Church Members!!

Revelation 22:14-16

- 14 Blessed are they that **do his commandments**, that they may have right to the tree of **life**, and may **enter in** through the **gates** into the **city**.
- 15 For without are dogs, and sorcerers, and whoremongers, and **murderers**, and **idolaters**, and whosoever loveth and maketh a **lie**.
- 16 **I, Jesus** have sent mine angel **to testify** unto you these things **in the Churches**. I am the root and the offspring of David, and the bright and morning star.

The Parable of:

The

"Two Men That Built Houses"

(The Bible the Basis for All Beliefs)

The **Parable** of:

"The Two Men that built Houses" (Matthew 7:24-29)

In the previous several parables, Jesus has been <u>warning</u> his listeners of the **dangers** that **false teachers** put them in. Their **eternal life** depends upon their recognizing the **difference** between the **truth** and **false teachings!**

He has warned them that "many" Christians will be lost while thinking they are saved! He has told them to "test" the "fruit" of their teachers and warned them that they will "look good" on the outside (sheeps clothing) but inwardly they are like wolves who want to destroy them! Not only did Jesus constantly implore his listeners to "do right" with His words, but His life was a constant example of "doing right"!

In contrast to this He <u>warned</u> his listeners against teachers who had learned the truth to "do right", but then turned around and began "doing wrong" all over again! These "false teachers" would tell their listeners that they no longer had to obey the commandments but that they were "free" and could do whatever they liked. The Bible compares them to being like a "pig" that was "washed" who returned to wallowing in the mud.

"Christians" that followed their teachings would be like "salt" that had lost its savour and was fit for nothing but to be cast out!

Now, Jesus gives the **Parable** of:

"The Two Men that built Houses"

Matthew 7:24-27 The Two Men that built Houses

- 24 "Therefore whosoever heareth these sayings of mine, and doeth them, I will liken him unto a wise man, which built his house upon a rock:
- 25 And the rain descended, and the floods came, and the winds blew, and beat upon that house; and it fell not: for it was founded upon a rock.
- 26 And everyone that heareth these sayings of mine and doeth them not, shall be likened unto a foolish man, which built his house upon the sand:
- 27 And the rain descended, and the floods came, and the winds blew, and beat upon that house; and it fell: and great was the fall of it."

Paraphrase:

The one who <u>hears</u> what Jesus says and **does it**, is a **wise** man! He is like a man that built his house upon a **rock**. The one who <u>hears</u> what Jesus says and **does not do it**, is a **foolish** man!

He is like a man that built his house on **sand**. When the rain, wind, and floods beat upon the two houses, only the one built upon the **rock** remained.

The house built upon sand was destroyed.

Comments:

Nothing is said in the parable about the **type** of house being built. One house could have been a mansion on the sand by the seashore and the other house a log cabin on a rock in the mountains. Nothing is said about **the materials** that the houses were built out of. One house may have been built with marble stones and gold and silver, while the other house may have been built from wood and iron. There are several things that the parable **does tell us**. It tells us what the **men** building the houses **were like!**

Comments: (cont.)

One man was a wise man. The other man was foolish. The parable also tells us that there was a difference between the **foundations** of the two houses. The wise man had chosen to build his house upon a rock for his foundation. The foolish man had chosen to build his house upon sand for his foundation. No one forced either man to build in a certain way. Each man chose the foundation for **his house**. The whole parable seems to center around the fact that choosing the **right foundation** is what made one man wise and one man foolish. Jesus compares this choice to being like two men who listened to what He said. One man listened and did what Jesus said to do. The other man listened and **did not do** what Jesus said to do. Thus, the primary teaching of this parable is very clear. You will Do what Jesus says if you are wise!! The second teaching of this parable is also clear. You must

choose the right foundation to build on or all the rest of your efforts will be in vain!!

Let's compare

our two choices for "foundations":

1. rock or 2. sand

Summarizing

The **differences** between these two **foundation** materials:

Physical rock

- 1. Immovable
- 2. **Changeless** with respect to time.
- Anything attached to it is secure and can't be moved.
- 4. It **will support** anything that stands upon it and will not let it sink.
- 5. The Physical **elements** of rain, wind, floods will **not affect it**.

Spiritual rock

- 1. Spiritually Immovable.
- 2. Spiritually Changeless.
- 3. Anything attached is Spiritually **Secure**.
- Spiritual **Support** for anything that stands upon it.
- 5. Spiritual **Elements** will **not** affect it.

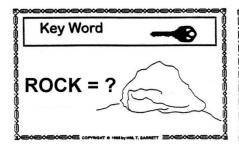
Physical sand

- 1. Easily moved
- 2. **Changes** constantly.
- 3. Anything **attached** to it **is unsecure** and can be easily moved.
- 4. It will **not** support anything that stands upon it, but will allow it to sink.
- The Physical elements of rain, wind, floods will affect it.

Spiritual sand

- 1. Spiritually moved easily.
- 2. Spiritually changes const.
- 3. Anything attached is Spiritually **unsecure**.
- 4. **No** Spiritual **support** for anything that stands upon it.
- 5. Spiritual **elements** will affect it.

Now we need to discover what the Bible says that "rock" and "sand" represent Spiritually, so that we will understand why these two "foundation" materials are so important!



ROCK = CHRIST 1Cor.10:4 "... They drank of that Spiritual Rock that followed them: and that Rock was Christ".



SAND = People Joshua 11:4 "And they went out, and all their hosts with them, much people, even as the sand upon the seashore...".

Rock = Christ (God)

Sand = people (man)

Thus, the two possible "**foundations**" upon which we can build are either:

1. Rock ---God's Words

or

2. sand --- man's words

Let's look again at the "differences" between "rock" and "sand"

Spiritual "Rock" (Christ)

- 1. God is **Immovable**.
- 2. God is **Changeless**.
- 3. Anyone "attached" to God is (Spr.) **Secure**.
- 4. God will "Support" anyone who "stands" or depends upon Him and He will not let them "sink" Spiritually.
- 5. God is **not affected** by the Spiritual "**Elements**" of Satan and is **never deceived**.

Spiritual "sand" (man)

- 1. man is easily moved.
- 2. man **changes** constantly.
- 3. Anyone "attached" to man is (Spr.) **unsecure**.
- 4. man cannot "support" anyone who "stands" or depends upon him and anyone who does depend upon man will "sink" (Spr.).
- 5. man **is affected** by the Spiritual "**Elements**" and is **easily deceived**.

These "differences" clearly show us the advantage of "building on Rock" (God) for a "foundation" instead of "building on sand" (man).

Now we know **why** Christ gave this parable right after the parable of the Two Ways (broad and narrow), and after telling us to **beware of false teachers** and to "**test their fruits**".

Now, He has once again warned us **not to trust** in the **words of men**, but rather **to trust** in the **Words of God!**

Jere. 17:5...Cursed be the man that trusteth in man... :7 Blessed is the man that trusteth in the Lord...

So, the "foundation" of our beliefs MUST be based on the "Words" of God instead of the "words" of men or we are "foolish" and "cursed"!!

Why would anyone want to have their **beliefs** or their "**foundation**" based on the "**words** of men"?

They wouldn't! They have been deceived into thinking that "mens words" are "God's Words"!

Many people do **not** read God's Word (**Bible**) themselves, but rather **depend upon** a "man"

(their preacher) to tell them what "God's words" are!! Their "foundation" is whatever the "man" (preacher) says!! The preacher "man" may have the best intentions but he may be wrong in what he says!!

Jesus warned the people that their **leaders** would "teach" the "**commandments of men**" for **doctrines** and that their worship would be **in vain!**

Matthew 15:9; 12-14

9 But in vain they do worship me, teaching for doctrines the commandments of men.

(Worship is "**in vain**" if the "doctrines" and "commandments of men" are being followed.)

12 Then came his disciples, and said unto him, Knowest thou that the Pharisees were "offended", after they heard this saying?

(Religious teachers will be "offended" because "their teachings" are questioned.)

13 But he answered and said, Every plant, which my heavenly Father hath not planted, shall be rooted up.

14 Let them alone: they be blind leaders of the blind. And if the blind lead the blind, both shall fall into the ditch.

(The "religious teachers" were "**blind**" to the truth and caused the people to be "blind" also, the result being that **both** the **teachers** and the **people** will be lost!)

Conclusion:

Thus, the primary teaching of this parable is that **Christ (God)** and **His Words (Bible)** are to be the "**foundation**" (rock) for **all** our **beliefs!**

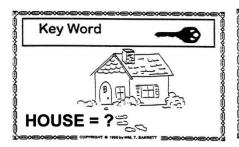
We are **not** to base our beliefs on the "sandy foundation" of the "**words** of **men**" (preachers or teachers)!

The "Words" of God are contained in the Bible.

The "words of men are contained in other books as well as in "sermons"!

The House

Now that we know that the "**foundation**" that we are to "build on" represents **God's Words** (**Bible**), we need to discover what the "**house**" being built in the parable represents.



HOUSE = Church (God's people)

Hebrews 3:6

"But Christ a son over His own house; whose house are we ..."

Thus, the Bible tells us that the "house" being built represents the Church. So, this is a parable about "the church" and how the "foundation" of "the Church" is very important! The parable describes two different "houses" or two different "Churches". One "house" or "Church" built by a foolish man and another "house" or "Church" built by a wise man.

One Church built upon the foundation of God's Words.

One Church built upon the foundation of **God's Words**. One Church built upon the foundation of **man's words**.

The parable also tells us the "result" of building a "house" or "Church" upon each of these "foundations". The "Church" built upon the "foundation" of God's Word will stand firm against anything! The "Church" built upon the "foundation" of man's word will fall and be destroyed!

The Elements: (wind, rain, floods)

The parable tells us that after the "houses" were built they were "tested" by the elements of wind, rain, and floods. Thus, the two types of **Churches** will be "**tested**" by the **Spiritual "Elements**" of (Spr) "**rain**", and (Spr) "**wind**" and (Spr) "**floods**" and only **one** of the Churches will **remain** after the **test!**

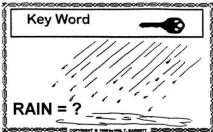
The Church that remains after the "test" is the Church that has for its "foundation" the Words of God.

The **Church** that **falls** during the "**test**" is the **Church** that has for its "**foundation**" the **words** of **men**.

Now we need to discover what the "test elements" of "wind", "rain", and "floods" represent Spiritually.

The "test" Elements:

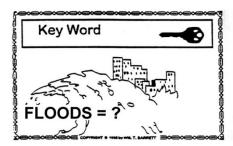
(Rain, Floods, Wind)



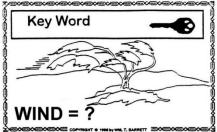
RAIN = Doctrine (Teaching)

Deut.32:2

"My **doctrine** shall drop as the **rain** ...".



FLOODS = Ungodly men
Ps.18:4
"...The floods of ungodly
men made me afraid".



WIND = Doctrine

Eph.4:14 "Be no more children, tossed to and fro and carried about with every wind of doctrine by the sleight of men, and cunning craftiness, whereby they lie in wait to deceive".

Rain = Doctrines of God Floods = ungodly men Wind = Doctrines of men

Thus, the "**test**" **Elements** will involve the **Churches** in a confrontation of **choosing** between:

the "**Doctrines**" of **God** or the "**Doctrines**" of **men**

Wind

Every "wind" of Doctrine that men can invent will be presented as "truth" to the Churches!

Just as when the Physical wind blows against a Physical rock there is no damage, so when the Spiritual "wind" of False Doctrine comes against a Church founded upon God's Words in the Bible, there is "no damage" and no one will be deceived because they know the truth!

In direct contrast, when Physical wind blows against Physical sand, there will be great damage because the "sand" will be Physically moved by the Physical wind and the result will be Physical collapse of the "House". Similarly, when the Spiritual "wind" of False Doctrine is presented to a Church founded upon the "words of men" (sand), the people of that Church will be "moved" by the False Doctrines (wind) and will be deceived and the Church will "fall" Spiritually.

Rain

When Physical **rain** falls on **rock** there is **no change** to the **rock** or the **house** built upon it.

Similarly, when the "**Doctrines of the Lord**" (rain) are presented to a Church founded upon Christ and His Word there is **no change** to that Church because its beliefs are the **same**.

But, when Physical rain falls on sand there is a change, and some of the sand will move or "change its position". Similarly, when the "Doctrines of the Lord" are heard by some people who have been deceived, they will "change their position" Spiritually and leave that False Church and join the Church teaching the truth!!

Floods

As more and more Physical **rain** falls, at last the "**floods**" will come. When the "**floods**" beat against a "**rock**" or a "**house**" **founded upon a** "**rock**" there will be **no change** to the rock or the house on the rock.

Similarly, as the **Doctrines of the Lord** (rain) are presented to more and more people (sand), **ungodly men** (floods) will attempt to **destroy** the **Church** teaching **truth** (house on rock), to prevent the **people** (sand) from **leaving the false Churches**. Just as "**sand**" being removed from under a "**house**" would cause it to collapse, so the **people** (sand) **leaving the False Churches** will cause them to "fall".

Thus, the "test" to come to all the Churches and all the people is the "test" of who will you believe?

Will you believe the "words of men"?
or
Will you believe the "Words of God"?

Doctrinal Truth (Taught by **Jesus** in the Parable of "The Two Men that built Houses)

- 1 If you are **wise** you will **do** the things that Jesus has told you to do.
- 2 If you are **foolish** you will **not do** the things that Jesus has told you to do.
- 3 The wise person will have for his "foundation" (rock) Jesus Christ and His teachings in the Bible.
- 4 The **foolish** person will have for his "foundation" (sand) **men** and **their teachings**.
- 5 A **Church**(house) founded upon **Christ**(rock) and **His teachings** will **stand** against anything.
- 6 A **Church**(house) founded upon **men**(sand) and **their teachings** will **fall** and be destroyed.
- 7 **Christ(God)** is the "Rock" that is **Immovable**, **Changeless**, Our **Security**, Our **Support**, and Our **Shelter** in the time of Storm or "test".
- 8 Man is the "sand" that is **easily moved**, **changes** constantly, is **unsecure**, will **not support** anything, and **cannot shelter** anyone in the time of Storm or "test".
- 9 Each **person** and each **Church** will be "**tested**" and have to **decide** whether they will **believe**: the "**words** of **men**" or the "**Words** of **God**".

The Parable of:

"The Tares Among the Wheat"

(The **Joining** of the **Churches**)

The **Parable** of:

"The Tares Among the Wheat" (Matthew 13:24-30)

Matthew 13:24-30

- **24** Another parable put he forth unto them, saying, The kingdom of heaven is likened unto a <u>man</u> which sowed <u>good seed</u> in his <u>field</u>.
- **25** But while men slept, his <u>enemy</u> came and sowed <u>tares</u> among the <u>wheat</u>, and went his way.
- **26** But when the blade was sprung up, and brought forth <u>fruit</u>, then appeared the tares also.
- 27 So the <u>servants</u> of the <u>householder</u> came and said unto him, Sir, didst not thou sow good seed in thy field? From whence then hath it tares?
- **28** He said unto them, an enemy hath done this. The servants said unto him, wilt thou then that we go and gather them up?
- **29** But he said, Nay; lest while ye gather up the tares, ye root up also the wheat with them.
- **30** Let both grow together until the <u>harvest</u>: and in the time of harvest I will say to the <u>reapers</u>, <u>gather</u> ye together <u>first</u> the <u>tares</u>, and <u>bind them</u> in bundles to burn them: but gather the wheat into my barn.

Explanation of the Parable by Jesus (Matt. 13:36-43)

Matthew 13:36-43

- **36** Then Jesus sent the multitude away and went into the house: and his disciples came unto him, saying, Declare unto us the parable of the tares of the field.
- **37** He answered and said unto them, <u>he that soweth</u> the good seed is the <u>Son of Man</u>;
- **38** The <u>field</u> is the <u>world</u>; the <u>good seed</u> are the <u>children of</u> <u>the kingdom</u>; but the <u>tares</u> are the <u>children of the wicked</u> one.
- **39** The <u>enemy</u> that sowed them <u>is</u> the <u>devil</u>; the <u>harvest</u> is the end of the world; and the reapers are the angels.
- **40** As therefore the <u>tares are gathered</u> and burned in the fire; so shall it be in the end of the world.
- **41** The Son of Man shall send forth his angels, and they shall gather out of <u>his kingdom</u> all things that offend, and them which **do iniquity**;
- **42** And shall cast them into a furnace of fire; there shall be wailing and gnashing of teeth.
- **43** Then shall the <u>righteous</u> shine forth as the <u>sun</u> in the kingdom of their Father. Who hath ears to hear, let him hear.

Comments:

Since the meanings of the <u>real objects</u> used in the parable have been <u>explained</u> by Jesus, it makes paraphrasing the parable much easier. This parable, like the parable of the Pearl, has <u>two meanings</u>. The first meaning, using the "**field**" to represent the <u>entire world</u>, shows that at the end of time, the <u>entire world</u> will be divided into <u>two groups</u>. The second meaning, using the expression "**His field**" and "**His kingdom**" to represent the <u>Church</u>, shows that at the end of time the <u>Church</u> will be divided into <u>two groups</u>.

Parable (meaning 1)

Jesus (Son of Man) came into the world (field) and taught the truth to people (seed). Some people (good seed) listened and obeyed Him, and some people (tares) listened to the Devil (enemy) and obeyed him.

At first the *prophets and teachers* (servants) of *Jesus* (householder) wanted to *separate* (gather out) those who were *disobedient* (do iniquity) from those who were *obedient* (righteous), but *Jesus* (householder) said *no* (nay) because they would remove some of the *righteous* (wheat) while they were removing *those that did iniquity* (tares). At the *end of the world* (harvest), the *angels* (reapers) will be sent by *Jesus* (Son of Man) and they will gather out of His kingdom all those that have *disobeyed Him* (do iniquity) and they will be burned with fire. Then, the angels will gather all those who have *obeyed Him* (righteous, wheat) together to enjoy the kingdom of their Father.

<u>Doctrinal Truth</u> (Taught by **Jesus** in the Parable of (meaning 1) "The Tares Among The Wheat")

- 1. Everyone will have an opportunity to hear the <u>truth</u> that Jesus taught.
- 2. Those that listen and **obey** Him are called the **righteous**.
- 3. Those that listen but **refuse to obey** Him are called **doers of iniquity**.
- 4. At the present time, both the <u>righteous</u> and the <u>doers</u> of iniquity are **together** as one.
- 5. At the end of the world a <u>separation</u> will be made by Jesus and His angels.
- 6. The <u>doers of iniquity</u> will be gathered together **first**.
- 7. Then, the <u>righteous</u> will be gathered together.
- 8. The doers of iniquity will be burned by fire.
- 9. The righteous will enjoy the kingdom of their Father.

Parable (meaning 2)

This parable makes it plain that at the <u>end of the world</u> there will be **two groups** of people (wheat **or** tares). At the <u>present time</u> there is only <u>one group</u> (wheat **and** tares). Jesus said that the "wheat" represents the <u>righteous</u> and that the "tares" represents those that <u>do iniquity</u> (verse 40-43)

Before the "gathering out" (verses 40, 41) of these two groups, the "tares" are mixed in **with** the "wheat" (verse 25). Thus, in the **church** (among the "wheat") are those that <u>do</u> iniquity ("tares"). This then, is a parable that tells us <u>how</u> the Lord is going to <u>purify His Church</u> by **removing** the "tares" from it!

Once the "gathering out" of the "tares" from the **church** has been done, then the "righteous shall shine forth as the **sun**" (verses 41-43). To "shine" means to "reflect **light**". Since the Bible calls **Jesus Christ** the "**Sun** of **Righteousness**" (Mal. 4:2), then the parable is saying that "the righteous will reflect the light (shine) of Christ's righteousness (sun)". In other words, the righteous will resemble Christ in character. They will have on the "**robe** of **Christ's righteousness**" and they will **not** be willfully sinning! Since to "shine" means to "reflect **light**" and "light" spiritually represents **truth**, the parable is also saying that the righteous will "teach the **truth**" (shine) about **Christ's righteousness** (as the sun).

Thus, once the <u>Church</u> has been <u>purified</u> by having those that <u>do iniquity</u> (tares) "gathered out", **then** the <u>Church</u> can do it's work of **teaching** all the **Truth** to those in the **world** who have **not heard** the **Truth!**

The "tares" (doers of iniquity) **look like** the "wheat" who represent the <u>righteous</u>. This means that the "tares" do **not** represent the "wicked" of the world, who do **not** "look like" the <u>righteous</u> but rather the "tares" represent the "wicked" (doers of iniquity) **in** the **Church!**

The "doers of iniquity" were described in the parable of the "Broad and Narrow Ways" as those "casting out devils", and doing many wonderful works in the Lord's name.

Thus, they are clearly professing "Christians". The parable says that the Lord will "gather out of His kingdom" the "tares" or those that offend. Here again it is plainly describing the Church as being purified.

No one will deny that there are **more** <u>wicked people</u> or "*tares*" in the world than there are "*wheat*" or <u>righteous people</u>. The text said that the "*tares*" were among the "*wheat*", which clearly means that the "*wheat*" were the <u>majority</u> and the "*tares*" were the <u>minority</u>. The **only place** in the <u>world</u> that the "*wheat*" or <u>righteous</u> are in the <u>majority</u> is **in the Church**. Therefore, to "gather **out** the *tares* from <u>among the *wheat*</u>" has to represent **removing** those who are "<u>doers of iniquity</u>" from the **Church**.

In the Parable the servants were instructed "**not**" to <u>gather up</u> the *tares* lest they root up also the *wheat* (verses 28, 29). This shows that the "*wheat*" and "*tares*" <u>looked alike</u>.

Thus, within the Church are those who on the outside appear to be "Christians" (look like wheat) but who are really "doers of iniquity" (tares). Men cannot tell the difference, but the Lord and the angels (reapers) can, and they will "gather" them out of the Church (verses 30, 40, 41). When this happens, there will be two groups of "Church members"—those left in a True Church group and those professing to be "Christians" in a False Church group.

During the "time of the harvest" or at the end of the world, the "tares" were to be "gathered out" first and bound together (verse 30). Then, the "wheat" was to be "gathered into the barn". This means that the first group of professing "Christians" to be united or "bound together" will represent the False Church group which will ultimately be "burned up" (verse 30). This group will be a very large group of professing "Christians". This parable calls them "doers of iniquity", and we know from our study of the parable of the "Broad and Narrow Ways" that the many were "workers of iniquity" and that they were professing "Christians" doing many things in the Lord's name (casting out devils, etc.).

Since the "<u>Church</u>" represents **all Christian denominations**, then we would expect there to be a "<u>gathering out</u>" and a "**binding** <u>together</u>" of **all Christian denominations** except for those who represent the <u>True Church</u>, who consist of those who are **really** Christians and who the Lord calls the "**righteous**".

After the "binding together" or uniting of the many False "Christians", then the "wheat" or True Christians who are in every denomination will be "gathered together" or united together into the Lord's "barn" or True Church (verse 30).

Those who have **united together** in the **first False Church group** will be **burned** up (verses 30, 40-42)! Those who have <u>not</u> **united together** with the **first False Church** group will be "gathered together" into God's **True Church** and will "enjoy the kingdom of their Father" (verses 30, 43)!

Doctrinal Truth (Taught by **Jesus** in the Parable of "The Tares Among The Wheat")

- 1. According to Jesus "wheat" represents the "children of the kingdom" or the **righteous**.
- 2. According to Jesus "*tares*" represent the "children of the wicked one" or **doers of iniquity**.
- 3. The "*tares*" represent the "doers of iniquity" **within** the Christian Church. They <u>appear</u> to be "Christians" but are <u>really</u> "doers of iniquity".
- 4. The "*tares*" or "doers of iniquity" will be <u>gathered</u> **out** of the **Church** by the Lord and the angels at the **end** of the <u>world</u>.
- 5. At the *present time* there is only **one** group of people that make up the **Church**; a **mixture** of "wheat" and "tares" or a mixture of <u>righteous</u> and <u>doers of iniquity</u>.
- 6. At the **end** of the <u>world</u> there will be **two** <u>groups</u> of people; either "wheat" **or** "tares" or a separation between the righteous and the doers of iniquity.
- 7. When the "doers of iniquity" (tares) have been separated from the "righteous" (wheat), the **Church** will have been **purified**.
- 8. When it has been **purified**, then the **Church** will "shine forth as the <u>sun</u>", which means that those left will "reflect the light (shine) of Christ's righteousness (of the sun)". They will resemble Christ in **character**. (They will not be <u>willfully sinning</u>.) They will teach the **truth** (shine) about **Christ's righteousness** (as the sun) to all the world.

- 9. At the "<u>time of harvest</u>" or at the **end** of the <u>world</u>, the "*tares*" or "doers of iniquity", will be <u>gathered</u> **out first** and be "**bound** <u>together</u>".
- 10. This **First** group of "doers of iniquity" will be a **very** large group of *professing* "Christians" who will **Unite** or be "bound together". They represent the **False** Church or the "many" on the "Broad Way" who "cast out devils", etc. in the Lord's name but who will receive the reward of destruction or being **burned up**.
- 11. After the **Uniting** of this **First large group** of *professing* "Christians" who comprise the **False Church**, there will be a **Second group** consisting of **True** Christians who will be "gathered together" by the Lord.
- 12. This **Second group** will be "**few**" in number compared to the "**many**" in the **First group**, but the "<u>few</u>" in the **Second** group represent the **True Church** and the Lord calls them the "<u>righteous</u>". They will receive the reward of **Eternal Life** and enjoy the "kingdom of their Father".
- 13. The "rewards" given, are **not given** until the "**end** of the world". This means that **no one** is <u>burning</u> in hell **now!** The <u>wicked</u> will be **burned up** at the **end** of the world! The <u>righteous</u> receive **Eternal Life** at the **end** of the world.

The Parable of:

The

"Right Eye Plucked Out"

(What **Hell** is Like.)

"The Right Eye Plucked Out" (Matthew 5:29)

Matt. 5: 29

29 "And if thy **right eye** "**offend**" thee, pluck it out, and cast it from thee: for it is profitable for thee that one of thy **members** should perish, and not that thy **whole body** should be <u>cast into hell</u>."

This parable <u>begins</u> the teachings of Jesus regarding **Hell.** It teaches us that people will be <u>cast into hell</u> "**bodily**" or to put it another way, they will be **burned up** as **real people** having arms and legs, etc. rather than as "spirits".

In the parable of the "wheat and the tares", Jesus teaches that the wicked(tares) will be "cast into hell" at the **end of the world,** thus teaching that <u>all the wicked</u> receive their punishment at the **same time.**

Matthew 13: 40-42

- 40 "As therefore the tares are gathered and burned in the fires; so shall it be in the **end of this world**.
- 41 The Son of man shall send forth his angels, and they shall gather out of his kingdom all things that **offend**, and them which do iniquity;
- 42 And shall **cast** them into a **furnace** of **fire**: there shall be wailing and gnashing of teeth."

We will use the Concordance to see what the <u>Bible says</u> about **Hell**, and then we will look at this Parable.

THE BIBLE CONCEPT OF **HELL**

The Bible says that the <u>fire of Hell</u> is not "**kindled**" or started until the end of the world.

Matt.13:40

"As therefore the tares are gathered and <u>burned in</u> <u>the fire</u>; so shall it be in the <u>end of the world</u>."

Deut.32:22

"For a <u>fire is **kindled**</u> in mine anger, and <u>shall burn</u> unto the lowest hell, and <u>shall consume the earth</u> with her increase, and set on fire the foundations of the mountains."

Luke12:49

"I am come to <u>send fire on the earth</u>; and what will I, <u>if</u> it be <u>already **kindled**?"</u>

The fire of HELL is <u>not in the earth</u> or any place else. **Hellfire** will **come down from God** out of heaven and fall on the earth.

Rev.20:7,9

"And when the thousand years are expired, <u>Satan</u>... shall go out to...<u>gather them together to battle</u>: the number of whom is as the sand of the sea. And they went up..and compassed the camp of the saints about, and the beloved city: and <u>fire came down</u> from God <u>out of heaven</u>, and devoured them."

Malachi.4:1,3

"For, behold, the <u>day cometh</u>, that shall burn as an oven; and all the proud, yea, <u>all that do wickedly</u>, shall be <u>stubble</u>: and the <u>day that cometh</u> shall **burn them up**,..it shall leave them neither root nor branch.. <u>They shall be ashes</u> under the soles of your feet in the day that I shall do this, saith the LORD of hosts."

THE BIBLE CONCEPT OF **HELL**

The **Hellfire** will <u>not continually burn</u> the wicked forever but will <u>burn them up</u> and then **go out**.

Nahum 1:9,10

"What do you <u>imagine against the LORD</u>? he will make an **utter end**:..they shall be <u>devoured as stubble</u> fully dry."

Malachi 4:1,3

"All that do wickedly, <u>shall be stubble</u>: and the day that cometh shall <u>burn them up</u>,..it shall leave them neither root nor branch...they shall be **ashes**.."

Isaiah 47:14

"Behold, they shall be <u>stubble</u>; the fire shall <u>burn</u> <u>them</u>;..there shall **not be a coal** to warm at, **nor fire** to sit before it."

Hellfire destroys <u>both</u> **body** and **soul** of the wicked. **Matt.**10:28

"And fear not them which kill the body, but are not able to kill the soul: but rather fear him which is able to destroy both soul and body in hell."

Ezekiel 18:4

"Behold, all souls are mine; as the soul of the father, so also the soul of the son is mine: the **soul** that sinneth, it shall **die**."

Psalms 22:29

"All they that go down to the dust...and <u>none</u> can <u>keep alive</u> his own **soul**."

Psalms 49:7,8

"None of them can by any means redeem his brother, nor give to God a ransom for him: For the <u>redemption</u> of their **soul** is precious, and it <u>ceaseth for ever</u>."

THE BIBLE CONCEPT OF HELL

<u>No one</u> has an "<u>immortal soul</u>" that lives on forever. <u>Only God</u> has **Immortality**. Immortality is given to the righteous as a gift from God when He comes in the clouds of heaven. The wicked never receive immortality but are destroyed, never to exist again.

1Timothy:15,16

.."The King of kings, and <u>Lord</u> of lords; <u>Who **only**</u> hath **immortality**"

Romans 2:7

"To them who by patient continuance in well doing seek for glory and honor and **immortality**,.."

1**Corinthians** 15:53,54

"For ..this <u>mortal</u> must <u>put on **immortality**</u>. ...then shall be brought to pass the saying that is written, "<u>Death</u> is swallowed up in <u>victory</u>."

<u>Satan</u> himself is **not immortal** but will be **destroyed** along with all the wicked.

Ezekiel 28:12-14

"..Thou hast been in Eden the garden of God...

Thou art the anointed cherub that covereth.."

Ezekiel 28:16,18,19

"I will **destroy** thee, O <u>covering cherub</u>,.. a <u>fire</u>.. shall devour thee, and I will bring thee to **ashes** upon the earth..and <u>never shalt thou be any more</u>."

Rev.20:10

"And the <u>devil</u> that deceived them was cast into the lake of fire and brimstone..."

SUMMARY OF: THE BIBLE CONCEPT OF **HELL**

- 1. The Bible says that the <u>fire of Hell</u> is not **kindled**" or started until the <u>end of the world</u>.
- 2. The fire of HELL is <u>not in the earth</u> or any place else. **Hellfire** will **come down from God** out of heaven and <u>fall on the earth</u>.
- 3. The **Hellfire** will <u>not continually burn</u> the wicked forever but will <u>burn them up</u> and **go out**.
- 4. *Hellfire* destroys <u>both</u> **body** and **soul** of the wicked.
- 5. <u>No one</u> has an "<u>immortal soul</u>" that lives on forever. <u>Only God</u> has **Immortality**. Immortality is given to the righteous as a gift from God when He comes in the clouds of heaven. The wicked never receive immortality but are destroyed, never to exist again.
- 6. <u>Satan</u> himself is **not immortal** but will be **destroyed** along with all the wicked.

Now we will continue with the Parable of: "The Right Eye Plucked Out"

The **Parable** of: "The Right Eye Plucked Out" (Matthew 5:29)

Matt. 5: 29

29 "And if thy **right eye** "**offend**" thee, pluck it out, and cast it from thee: for it is profitable for thee that one of thy **members** should perish, and not that thy **whole body** should be cast into hell."

To "pluck out" an eye is a serious thing, whether the "eye" is literal or Spiritual! Therefore, we need to know clearly what it means to "offend" and what the

"right eye" means.

We will first look at the literal meaning of "offend":

Offend Mt.5:29 #4624 (scandalize) to entrap or entice to sin, make to offend, scandal, snare, cause of sin....

Thus, to "offend" literally means to sin and cause others to sin. Now, let's see what the Bible says about "offend".

Matt. 13: 41

41 The Son of man shall send forth his angels, and they shall gather out of His kingdom all things that **offend**, and them which **do iniquity**;

Romans 5: 18,19

18....by the **offence** of one, judgment came upon all 19 For as by one man's **disobedience many were made** sinners.

Thus, the Bible agrees that to "offend" means to sin and cause others to sin.

Let's look at the text "**Physically**" first:

On the surface the text says <u>literally</u> or <u>physically</u>:

Paraphrase:

If our "eye" causes us to sin ("offend"), then it would be better for us to remove that "eye" (pluck out one of the members) and let the "eye" die (perish) than to have our "whole body" (arms, legs, feet, etc.) cast into hell.

<u>Physically</u>, this parable teaches us that what we **look at** physically will affect what we **do** physically and it will affect what **happens to us physically** (cast into hell or go to heaven).

Now, let's look at the text "Spiritually":

Paraphrase:

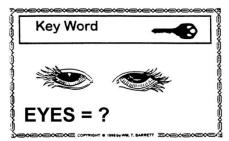
If our Spiritual "eye" causes us to sin ("offend"), then it would be better for us to remove that Spiritual "eye" (pluck out one of the members) and let the Spiritual"eye" die (perish) than to have our "whole Spiritual body" cast into hell.

A (Spiritual) "eye" is used by a (Spiritual) "body" to (Spiritually) guide each of its (Spiritual) "members"

Now we need to discover what the <u>Spiritual meaning</u> of this Parable is by discovering what the "**right eye**" and other <u>Real Objects</u> mean **Spiritually.**

(Spiritual)

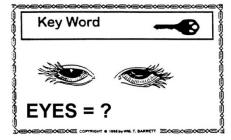
Eye = Prophet or Leader



EYES = prophets of God lsa.29:10"..The Lord... hath closed your eyes; the Prophets and your rulers, the seers hath he covered."

1Sam.9:9"... A **prophet** was beforetime called a **seer**."

Eye = Wisdom and Understanding



EYES = wisdom and understanding

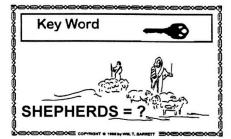
Eph.1:18 "The eyes of your understanding being enlightened." Isa.29:14 "...for the wisdom of their wise men shall perish, and the understanding of their prudent men shall be hid."

Thus the (Spiritual) "eye" of the church is its Prophet or Minister or Pastor who is supposed to lead the people wisely. In the Parable the "eye" "offended" or was a snare and caused others to sin. The Parable stated that the "**right eye**" (that **offended**) was to be "plucked out".

Let's see what the Bible says about the "right eye".

(Spiritual)	PASTOR	Zechariah 11:17
Right Eye =	or	17 Woe to the idol
(Darkened)	SHEPHERD	shepherd that
	(That is "blind")	leaveth the flock!
	or	his right eye
	(Lacks Spiritual	shall be utterly
	understanding)	darkened.

SHEPHERD = PASTOR or MINISTER

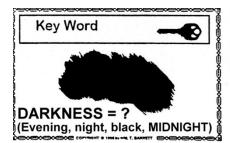


SHEPHERDS = Pastors (Ministers)

Jere.23:1 "Woe be unto the pastors that destroy and scatter the sheep of my pasture! saith the Lord".

Jer.50:6 "My people hath been lost sheep: their shepherds have caused them to go astray...".

DARKNESS = LACK OF UNDERSTANDING



DARKNESS = LACK OF UNDERSTANDING (ERROR)

Ps.82:5 "They know not, neither do they understand, they walk on in darkness ...".

MIDNIGHT (Greatest Physical Darkness) (Greatest Spiritual Darkness) or ERROR Thus, the Bible has confirmed that the "right eye" to be plucked out, represents a Pastor or Minister who "lacks understanding" and who "leaves his flock" or fails to properly lead them and so causes them to "go astray" or be disobedient to God.

Now we will continue on and learn the Spiritual meaning of the other Real Objects in the Parable.

(Spiritual) I Cor.12:27,28

Body = The Church

Now **ye** are the **body** of Christ, and **members** in particular.

(Spiritual)

Members = Individual Persons in the church

Conclusions:

- 1. To "offend" means to sin and cause others to sin.
- **2.** A Spiritual "**eye**" is a Prophet or **Pastor** that is supposed to **lead** God's people wisely.
- 3. A Spiritual "eye" that "offends" represents a **Pastor** that *causes* his Church members to sin.
- 4. A Spiritual "**right eye**" that has been **darkened** represents a **Pastor** that <u>lacks understanding</u> and so causes his Church members to "**go astray**" or sin.
- 5. A Spiritual "**body**" represents all the people in a Church.
- 6. A Spiritual "**membe**r" represents an individual person in a Church.

When Jesus said; "And if thy **right eye** offend thee, pluck it out, and cast it from thee: for it is profitable for thee that one of thy **members** should perish, and not that thy whole **body** should be cast into hell", He was Spiritually saying;

Paraphrase:

If your **Pastor** (right eye) <u>lacks understanding</u> and because of this is **causing** the Church members **to sin** because **they don't know Gods will** (offend), the Church should **remove him** (pluck it out).

It is better for the Church that one of the **members** (**Pastor**/right eye) should be **lost** (perish), instead of the **whole Church** (whole body) being **lost** or cast into hell.

Doctrinal Truth (Taught by **Jesus** in the Parable of "The Right Eye Plucked Out")

- 1. What we **look at** (physically) will affect what we **do** (physically) and it will affect what **happens to us** (physically).
- 2. We will either be lost (cast into hell) or saved (receive eternal life), depending upon **how we control what** we **look at.** (pluck out the right eye if it offends).
- 3. If we are lost (cast into hell) we will be "cast into hell" as a whole person (bodily) with arms, legs etc. and burned, rather than as a "spirit".
- 4. The Pastor of a Church is to be the Spiritual "eye" or leader of the people.
- 5. The Pastor must have "correct understanding" of Spiritual Truth if he is to properly lead the people of the Church.
- 6. There **are** Pastors that <u>lack correct understanding</u> of Spiritual truth and **their** lack of understanding will **cause** the members of the Church to sin or disobey God's will.
- 7. If a Church discovers that their Pastor lacks understanding of Spiritual truth they are to **remove him**.
- 8. The "removal" of a Pastor lacking understanding of Spiritual Truth is very important, in order to prevent the **Whole Church** from being **deceived and lost** or "cast into hell".

The Parable of:

The Feast of the Birds and

The Desolate Land

(The **1000 Years**)

The **Parable** of:

The **Feast** of the **Birds** and

The **Desolate Land**

Rev.19:11 "And <u>I saw heaven opened</u>, and behold a white horse; and he that sat upon him was called Faithful and True, and in righteousness he doth <u>judge</u> and <u>make war</u>.

:16 And he hath on his vesture and on his thigh a <u>name</u> written, **KING OF KINGS**, AND **LORD OF LORDS**.

:17 And I saw an angel standing in the sun; and he cried with a loud voice, saying to all the **fowls** that fly in the midst of heaven, come and gather yourselves together unto the **supper** of the great God: that ye may **eat** the flesh of kings, and the flesh of captains, and the flesh of mighty men.."

Matthew 24:27,28

"For as the lightning cometh out of the east and shineth even unto the west so shall also the coming of the Son of Man be.

For wheresoever the **carcass** is, there will the **eagles** be gathered together."

The above Bible verses clearly tell us that when **Jesus comes** the Second time, the **wicked** will be **food** for the **birds** or "**fowls**".

Lets see what the Bible says about this "**feast day** for the **birds**".

PROPHETIC SCRIPTURE	COMMENT
Revelation 19:11, 16-18 " And I saw heaven opened and behold a white horse and he that sat upon him was called Faithful and True, and in righteousness he doth judge and make war And he hath on his vesture and on his thigh a name written, KING OF KINGS AND LORD OF LORDS. And I saw an angle standing in the sun; and he cried with a loud voice, saying to all the fowls that fly in the midst of heaven, Come and gather yourselves together unto the supper of the great God; that ye may eat the flesh of kings, and the flesh of captains, and the flesh of mighty men"	The wicked will be food for the birds . (<u>eagles</u>)
Zephaniah 1:3,18 "I will consume man and beast; I will consume the fowls of the heaven, and the fishes of the sea, and the stumbling-blocks with the wicked; and I will cut off man from off the land, saith the lord. Neither their silver nor their gold shall be able to deliver them in the day of the Lord's wrath; but the whole land shall be devoured by the fire of his jealousy: for he shall make even a speedy riddance of all them that dwell in the land."	God will <u>destroy</u> all life <u>on earth</u> when He sends fire upon it. The <u>earth will be</u> empty.
Jeremiah 4:23-27 "I beheld the earth and, lo, it was without form and void; and the heavens, and they had no light. I beheld, and, lo, they trembled, and all the hills moved lightly. I beheld, and, lo, there was no man, and all the birds of the heavens were fled. I beheld, and, lo, the fruitful place was a wilderness, and all the cities thereof were broken down at the presence of the Lord, and by his fierce anger. For thus hath the Lord said, the whole land shall be desolate: yet will I not make a full end."	The whole earth will be empty and <u>desolate</u> , but God will not make a full end yet.

PROPHETIC SCRIPTURE	COMMENT
Isaiah 24:19, 21-23 "The earth is utterly broken down, the earth is clean dissolved, the earth is moved exceedingly. And it shall come to pass in that day, that the Lord shall punish the host of the high ones that are on high, and the kings of the earth upon the earth. And they shall be gathered together, as prisoners are gathered in the pit, and shall be shut up in the prison, and after many days shall they be visited."	While the earth is desolate the wicked <u>are dead</u> for a long time .
Revelation 20:1-3 "And I saw an angel come down from heaven, having the key of the bottomless pit and a great chain in his hand. And he laid hold on the Dragon, that old serpent, which is the Devil, and Satan, and bound him a thousand years, And cast him into the bottomless pit, and shut him up, and set a seal upon him, that he should deceive the nations no more, till the thousand years should be fulfilled: and after that he must be loosed a little season."	The Devil will not be able to deceive anyone for a long time (1000 years)
Revelation 20:4, 6, 5 "And I saw thrones, and they sat upon them, and judgment was given unto them: and I saw the souls of them that were beheaded for the witness of Jesus, and for the word of God, and which had not worshiped the beast, neither his image, neither had received his mark upon their foreheads, or in their hands; and they lived and reigned with Christ a thousand years. Blessed and holy is he that hath part in the first resurrection: on such the second death hath no power, but they shall be priests of God and of Christ, and shall reign with him a thousand years. But the rest of the dead lived not again until the thousand years were finished. This is the first resurrection."	During the 1000 years the righteous will be living and reigning with Christ in heaven because the earth will be desolate. During the 1000 years the wicked will all be dead

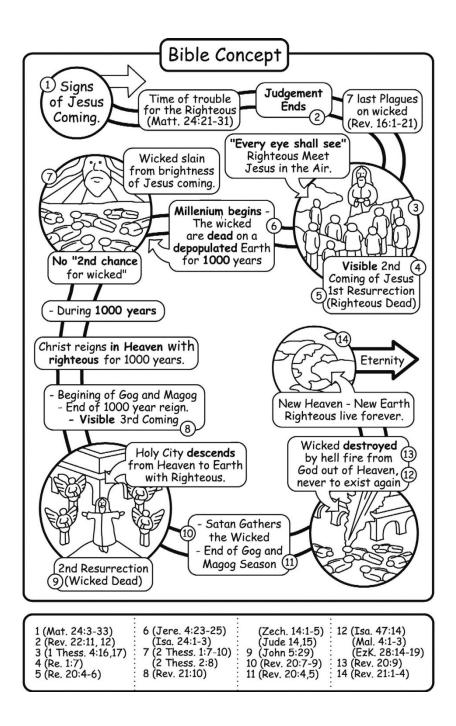
PROPHETIC SCRIPTURE	COMMENT
Revelation 20:7, 8 "And when the thousand years are expired, Satan shall be loosed out of his prison, and shall go out to deceive the nations which are in the four quarters of the earth, Gog and Magog, to gather them together to battle: the number which is as the sand of the sea."	After the 1000 years the wicked are resurrected and Satan gathers them for battle.
Zechariah 14:1-5, 9 "Behold, the day of the Lord cometh For I will gather all nations against Jerusalem to battle; Then shall the Lord go forth, and fight against those nationsAnd his feet shall stand in that day upon the mount of Olives,and the mount of Olives shall cleave in the midst thereof toward the east and toward the west, and there shall be a very great valley And the Lord my God shall come, and all the saints with thee And the Lord shall be king over all the earth:"	After the 1000 years Jesus returns to the earth for the 3rd time and His feet touch the mount of Olives. The righteous who have been in heaven return to earth with Him.
Revelation 21:2, 10 "And I John saw the Holy City, New Jerusalem, coming down from God out of heaven, prepared as a bride adorned for her husband. And he carried me away in the spirit to a great and high mountain, and showed me that great city the Holy Jerusalem, descending out of heaven from God."	The Holy City, New Jerusalem comes down out of heaven and comes to rest on earth where the mount of Olives was before the feet of Jesus split it.
Revelation 20:7-9 "And when the thousand years are expired, Satan shall go out to deceive the nations to gather them together to battle: the number of whom is as the sand of the sea. And they went up on the breadth of the earth, and compassed the camp of the saints about, and the beloved city: and fire came down from God out of heaven, and devoured them."	Satan and all the wicked surround the Holy City and God destroys them with fire from heaven.

PROPHETIC SCRIPTURE	COMMENT
Nahum 1:9, 10 "What do ye imagine against the Lord? He will make an utter end: affliction shall not rise up the second time. For while they be folden together as thorns, and while they are drunken as drunkards, they shall be devoured as stubble fully dry."	God will make a complete end of the wicked.
Malachi 4:1,3 "For, behold, the day cometh that shall burn as an oven; and all the proud, yea all that do wickedly, shall be stubble: and the day that cometh shall burn them up, saith the Lord of hosts, that it shall leave them neither root nor branch. And ye shall tread down the wicked; for they shall be ashes under the soles of your feet in the day that I shall do this, saith the Lord of hosts."	The wicked will be <u>burned up completely</u> leaving only ashes !
Isaiah 47:14 "Behold, they shall be as stubble: the fire shall burn them: they shall not deliver themselves from the power of the flame: there shall not be a coal to warm at, nor fire to sit before it."	After the fire has burned up the wicked it will go out!

Now, it's time to **Summarize** the **Truths** that we have learned from this parable of "The Feast of the Birds and The Desolate Land".

Doctrinal Truth (Taught by **Jesus** in the Parable of:

- "The **Feast** of the **Birds** and the **Desolate Land**")
- 1. When Jesus comes the 2^{nd} Time He will be **visible** like the lightning which shines from east to west.
- 2. When Jesus comes the 2^{nd} Time the wicked will all be slain and they will become food for the birds or fowls.
- 3. The **whole earth** or land will be **desolate** with no human life on it and yet God will <u>not yet make a full end</u>.
- 4. The <u>wicked dead</u> and <u>Satan</u> will remain on the **desolate earth** for **1000 years**, the period of time often referred to as the Millenium.
- 5. During this same **1000 year** period, the **righteous** will all be **in heaven** with Jesus.
- 6. At the **end** of the **1000 year** period, <u>Jesus returns</u> to the earth for the 3^{rd} *Time* and **resurrects the wicked** dead.
- 7. The <u>feet</u> of Jesus <u>touch the Mount of Olives</u> at his 3^{rd} Coming and the **mountain splits** and the Holy City, the **New Jerusalem** comes down from heaven and comes to rest on the earth with all the righteous who have been in heaven with Jesus for the 1000 years.
- 8. **Satan** gathers all the wicked who have ever lived and deceives them into thinking that they can take the Holy City by force and then the wicked **surround the New Jerusalem**.
- 9. **God** sends **fire** <u>down from heaven</u> and *destroys* the **wicked**.
- 10. At this time God makes a **full end** of the **wicked** for all time.
- 11. The wicked will become ashes and then the fire goes out.



The Parable Of:

"Let The Dead Bury The Dead"

(The Condition of the Dead)

The **Parable** of:

"Let The Dead Bury The Dead" (Matthew 8:19-22)

19 And a certain scribe came and said unto him, Master, I will follow thee whithersoever thou goest. 20 And Jesus saith unto him, The foxes have holes and the birds of the air have nests; but the Son of man hath not where to lay his head.

- 21 And another of his disciples said unto him, Lord suffer me first to go and bury my father.
- 22 But Jesus said unto him, Follow me; and let the dead bury their dead.

In this parable the "Main Theme" seems to be about "Following Jesus". In the first part of the parable, a "scribe" says that he will "follow Jesus", and in the second part "another disciple" says that he will "follow Jesus" after he buries his father.

The "answers" that Jesus gives in both parts of the parable don't seem to make sense, on the surface. In the first part of the parable Jesus says: "foxes have holes and the birds of the air have nests; but the Son of man hath not where to lay his head."

What do the "holes" of foxes and the "nests" of birds And Jesus himself "not having a <u>place to sleep</u>" have to do with "following Him"? In the second part of the parable Jesus says: "Let the dead bury their dead". How can a dead person bury another dead person? The dead person would have to be alive in order to bury another dead person!

Is Jesus trying to teach us that the <u>dead</u> are <u>really alive</u> or is he trying to teach us just the **opposite**, that the <u>dead</u> are <u>really dead</u> and <u>can't do anything!</u>

Also, is there a connection or relationship between Having "no **place** to **sleep**" and whether the "**dead** are really **dead** or **alive**"? This parable implies that there **is** a **connection** and that it is **important** to know **what that connection is** so that we can "**follow Jesus**".

Let's see if we can discover any "connection" between:

- 1. Having "no <u>place to sleep</u>" and
- 2. Whether the "dead are really dead or alive"

We will start with the first part of the parable and think about the **Physical**:

- 1. Foxes have holes
- 2. Birds of the air have nests
- 3. Jesus has no place to sleep

The fox "sleeps" **below** the surface of the ground, in a hole in the **earth**.

The bird "sleeps" **above** the surface of the ground, in a nest in the **air**.

Jesus has no place to "sleep".

Thus, there are **three** possible **places** to "**sleep**":

- 1. **Below** the surface of the earth
- 2. **Above** the surface of the earth
- 3. No where or no place

In the second part of the parable Jesus says: "Let the dead bury the dead".

When a person is "**buried**", they are usually placed **below** the surface of the ground, in a hole in the earth.

Sometimes, when a person is "**buried**" they are placed **above** the surface of the ground, in a vault in the air.

The third way that a person is "**buried**" is by cremation or being burned with fire until only ashes remain. These ashes are usually "scattered" in the air or over water and so <u>do not end up in</u> **any place**.

Thus, there are **three** possible **places** to be "**buried**" when you are "**dead**":

- 1. **Below** the surface of the earth
- 2. **Above** the surface of the earth
- 3. No where or no place

When we compare what we have learned about (places to "sleep") and (places to be "buried"), there seems to be a definite "connection" or relationship between: "sleep" and "death".

Thus, in this parable, Jesus has "connected" the subjects of: "sleep" and "death" and "following Him".

In order to "follow Jesus" we need to discover what the Bible says about the subjects of: "death" and "sleep". Since the parable used the word "dead", we will use the Concordance to look up Bible texts that talk about the "dead" in order to learn more about that subject.

THE BIBLE CONCEPT OF DEATH

WHAT IS DEATH LIKE?

BIBLE TEXT	COMMENT
James 2 26 For as the body without the spirit is dead, so faith without works is dead also.	The body without the spirit is dead
Job 27 3 All the while my breath is in me, and the spirit of God is in my nostrils;	The <u>SPIRIT</u> is the BREATH (Heb. Ruwach / Greek- Pneuma - breath)
Genesis 2 7 And the Lord God formed man of the dust of the ground, and breathed into his nostrils the breath of life; and man became a living soul.	The soul is the combination of breath and body. Dust + breath = Living soul Body + breath = Living soul
Psalm 22 29 All they that be fat upon earth shall eat and worship: all they that go down to the dust shall bow before him: and none can keep alive his own soul.	None can keep alive his own soul
Ezekiel 18 20 The soul that sinneth, it shall die. The son shall not bear the iniquity of the father, neither shall the father bear the iniquity of the son: the righteousness of the righteous shall be upon him, and the wickedness of the wicked shall be upon him.	Souls are <u>not</u> <u>immortal</u> but die
Revelation 16 3 And the second angel poured out his vial upon the sea; and it became as the blood of a dead man: and every living soul died in the sea.	A soul can even refer to a fish, (a <u>soul</u> just means "a living, breathing creature" Heb - Nephesh/ Greek Psuche)

BIBLE TEXT	COMMENT
Ecclesiastes 3 19 For that which befalleth the sons of men befalleth beasts; even one thing befalleth them: as the one dieth, so dieth the other; yea, they have all one breath; so that a man hath no preeminence above a beast: for all is vanity. 20 All go unto one place; all are of the dust, and all turn to dust again.	A man dies just like an animal and they both "go" to the same place, the grave.
Ecclesiastes 9 5 For the living know that they shall die: but the dead know not any thing, neither have they any more a reward; for the memory of them is forgotten. 6 Also their love, and their hatred, and their envy, is now perished; neither have they any more a portion for ever in any thing that is done under the sun. 10 Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy might; for there is no work, nor device, nor knowledge, nor wisdom, in the grave, whither thou goest.	When a person dies, they know nothing. They have no reward, nor memory, nor love, nor hate, nor work, nor knowledge, in the grave.
Psalm 146 4 His breath goeth forth, he returneth to his earth; in that very day his thoughts perish.	When the breath leaves the body the thoughts perish or cease.
Ecclesiastes 12 7 Then shall the dust return to the earth as it was: and the spirit shall return unto God who gave it.	The spirit, or breath returns to God at death. The body turns to dust, and waits in the grave.
Job 17 13 If I wait, the grave is mine house: I have made my bed in the darkness. 16 They shall go down to the bars of the pit, when our rest together is in the dust.	Until the Resurrection Day, The grave, or "pit" is our "house"

BIBLE TEXT	COMMENT
John 5 28 Marvel not at this: for the hour is coming, in the which all that are in the graves shall hear his voice, 29 And shall come forth: they that have done good, unto the resurrection of life; and they that have done evil, unto the resurrection of damnation.	None of those who are in the graves will hear the voice of Jesus until they hear his voice at His Second Coming which resurrects them.
Daniel 12 2 And many of them that sleep in the dust of the earth shall awake, some to everlasting life, and some to shame and everlasting contempt.	Daniel called <u>death</u> a <u>sleep</u> .
Job 14 12 So man lieth down, and riseth not: till the heavens be no more, they shall not awake, nor be raised out of their sleep. 14 If a man die, shall he live again? all the days of my appointed time will I wait, till my change come.	The dead will remain in their graves, "asleep" until the appointed time, the resurrection day, <u>They will stay in their graves</u> "till the heavens be no more".
Revelation 6 14 And the heaven departed as a scroll when it is rolled together: and every mountain and island were moved out of their places.	The second coming of Christ will be the day when "heaven departs as a scroll."
I Thessalonians 4 16 For the Lord himself shall descend from heaven with a shout, with the voice of the archangel, and with the trump of God: and the dead in Christ shall rise first: 17 Then we which are alive and remain shall be caught up together with them in the clouds, to meet the Lord in the air: and so shall we ever be with the Lord.	At Christ's second coming the righteous dead will be resurrected and caught up in the clouds to meet the Lord in the air.

BIBLE TEXT	COMMENT
I Corinthians 15 20 But now is Christ risen from the dead, and become the firstfruits of them that slept. 21 For since by man came death, by man came also the resurrection of the dead. 22 For as in Adam all die, even so in Christ shall all be made alive. 23 But every man in his own order: Christ the firstfruits: afterwards they that are Christ's at his coming.	The righteous dead " <u>shall be</u> <u>made alive</u> " at his coming.
I Corinthians 15 51 Behold, I shew you a mystery; We shall not all sleep, but we shall all be changed. 52 In a moment, in the twinkling of an eye, at the last trump: for the trumpet shall sound, and the dead shall be raised incoruptible, and we shall be changed. 53 For this corruptible must put on incorruption, and this mortal must put on immortality. 54 So when this corruptible shall have put on incorruption, and this mortal shall have put on immortality, then shall be brought to pass the saying that is written, Death is swallowed up in victory.	When Christ comes the second time mortal man will put on immortality. Death will be conquered at last.
Isaiah 38 18 For the grave cannot praise thee, death cannot celebrate thee: they that go down into the pit cannot hope for thy truth. 19 The living, the living, he shall praise thee, as I do this day: the father to the children shall make known thy truth.	Now is our <u>probationary</u> <u>period</u> to love, serve, and praise the Lord. <u>Now</u> is the <u>time to learn God's truth</u> , <u>while we are</u> <u>alive</u> . The dead <u>cannot hope for the truth</u>

We have just learned some amazing things from the Bible concerning "death" or the "dead"!

The Bible compares **death** to **sleep**. When someone is "**asleep**" they have **no knowledge** of **anything** that is going on around them. That is what the Bible says "**death**" is like, **no knowledge of anything**.

The **Bibles** concept of "**death**" is <u>completely different</u> from the **popular** concept about "**death**", which teaches that we **have knowledge** of things going on around us after we die.

The "main theme" of this parable is "following Jesus" and the subject is "death".

Let's see what **Jesus** believed about "**death**", so that we can "**follow Him**".

John 11:11-14

- 11 These things said he: and after that he saith unto them, Our friend Lazarus **sleepeth**: but I go, that I may awake him out of **sleep**.
- 12 Then said his disciples, Lord, if he **sleep**, he shall do well.
- 13 Howbeit Jesus spake of his **death**: but they thought that he had spoken of taking rest in **sleep**.
- 14 Then **said Jesus** unto them plainly, Lazarus is **dead**.

Thus, **Jesus** believed and taught that "**death**" is like **sleep**, which **agrees** with the **Bible** as we have just seen. If we are going to "**follow Jesus**", then it is clear that **we** must **believe** that "**death**" is like "**sleep**"!

Now, we can see the "connection" between the man saying he would "follow Jesus", and the Lords answer of "not where to lay his head", or as we would say, "no place to sleep".

Jesus was telling the man:

Paraphrase:

If you want to **Physically** "follow me" I must tell you that I have no "**place**" for Physical "**sleep**".

If you want to **Spiritually** "follow me" I must tell you that I have no "**place**" (heaven or hell) for Spr. "**sleep**" (**death**). Thus, **Jesus** is in perfect agreement with the **Bible** that when we **die** we don't "**go**" any "**place**", we simply

"wait in the grave", as Job says. (Job 17:13)

As we have seen, in the first part of this parable, **Jesus** is **teaching** about **Physical death** and **what happens** to a person when they **Physically die**. Now let's look at the second part of the parable.

Matthew 8:21-22

21 And another of his disciples said unto him, Lord, suffer me first to go and bury my father.

22 But Jesus said unto him, Follow me; and let the dead bury their dead.

In the second part of this parable a man wants to **bury** his **Physically dead** father, before he is willing to "**follow Jesus**". Jesus said to him "**Follow me** and let the **dead** bury their **dead**".

Since it is **impossible** for a **Physically dead** person to **bury** another **Physically dead** person, then the <u>only possible</u> explanation for the answer that Jesus gave, is that Jesus was trying to turn the man's attention from **Physical death** to **Spiritual death**.

To Paraphrase the words of Jesus:

Follow me and let those that are Spiritually dead, bury those that are Physically dead.

We have just discovered what **Jesus** and the **Bible** say that **Physical death** is like.

Now we need to discover what the Bible says about a person that is **Spiritually dead**. In order to do this we will again use a Concordance and look up the word "**dead**", but this time we are looking for the **Spiritual** meaning of the word.

I Timothy 5:6

But she that liveth in pleasure is **dead** while she **liveth**.

(When a person is living in **sin**, they are considered "**dead**" by God.)

Luke 15:10,21-24

- 10 Likewise, I say unto you, there is joy in the presence of the angels of God over one **sinner** that **repenteth**.
- 21 And the son said unto him, Father I have **sinned** against heaven, and in thy sight, and am no more worthy to be called thy son.
- 22 But the father said to his servants, bring forth the best robe, and put it on him; and put a ring on his hand and shoes on his feet:
- 23 And bring hither the fatted calf, and kill it; and let us eat, and be merry:
- 24 For this my son was **dead**, and is **alive** again; he was lost, and is found. And they began to be merry.

(When a person "**repents**" of their **sin** and returns to God. they are considered "**alive**" by God.)

II Corinthians 5:14,15,17

14 For the love of Christ constraineth us; because we thus judge, that if one **died** for **all**, then were all **dead**:

15 And that he died for all, that they which **live** should **not** henceforth **live unto themselves**, but **unto him** which died for them, and rose again.

17 Therefore if any man be **in Christ**, he is **a new creature**: old things are passed away; behold, all things are become new.

(Since all have sinned, then we were all Spiritually dead until Jesus died for us. We now have a chance to become Spiritually "alive" if we accept Jesus as our Saviour.)

Ephesians 2:4-5

- 4 But God, who is rich in mercy, for his great love wherewith he loved us.
- 5 Even when we were **dead** in sins, hath **quickened** us together with Christ, (by **grace** ye are saved;)

(Through the **grace** of God we can be made **Spiritually** "alive" and be saved.)

Colossians 2:12-13

- 12 **Buried** with him **in baptism**, wherein also ye are **risen** with him through the faith of the operation of God, who hath raised him from the dead.
- 13 And you being **dead** in your **sins** and the uncircumcision of your flesh, hath he quickened together with him, having **forgiven you** all trespasses;

(We are Spiritually "buried" with Jesus through baptism and our sins are forgiven! Then, we are Spiritually" made "alive" or resurrected with Jesus to begin a new life for Him.)

Thus, a person who is **Spiritually "dead**" is anyone who has <u>never given</u> their **heart to the Lord** and <u>been forgiven</u> **their sins** and made **Spiritually "alive**".

Conclusion:

Now let us return to the parable to look at it one last time.

Matthew 8:21-22

- 21 And another of his disciples said unto him, Lord, suffer me first to go and bury my father.
- 22 But Jesus said unto him, Follow me; and let the dead bury their dead.

Luke 9:59-60

- 59 And he said unto another, Follow me. But he said, Lord, suffer me first to go and bury my father.
- 60 Jesus said unto him, Let the dead bury their dead: but go thou and **preach** the kingdom of God.

When we compare the words of Matthew with the words of Luke, we discover Luke adds the words of Jesus to: "Go and **preach** the kingdom of God."

Putting this additional piece of information together with what we have already learned, we can give a paraphrase.

Final Paraphrase:

And he said to him "Follow me". But he said, Lord let me first go and bury my father. Then Jesus said to him, Let those who are **lost** or **Spiritually** "**dead**" bury those who are **Physically** "**dead**"; but go and **preach** to those who are **Spiritually** "**dead**" so that they can become **Spiritually** "**alive**". It's too late for your father because he is

Physically "dead" and has <u>no knowledge of anything</u> going on around him, but it's not too late for those who are **Spiritually "dead"**, who are still **Physically alive** and can <u>still learn the truth</u> that can save them.

Doctrinal Truth (Taught by **Jesus** in the Parable "Let the Dead bury the Dead")

- 1. The Main Theme of this parable is to **Follow Jesus**.
- 2. The subject of the parable, that suggests that we follow Jesus concerns the <u>condition of a person</u> when they are "dead".
- 3. Since the main theme is to "follow Jesus", the implication is that most people will not "follow Jesus" when it comes to understanding the condition of the dead.
- 4. The Bible clearly states that **Jesus** believed "**death**" to be like "**sleep**". When a person is "**asleep**" they have **no knowledge of anything** that is going on around them.
- 5. The Bible writers **agree** with Jesus and clearly state that "**death**" is like "**sleep**" and that there is "**no knowledge**, **nor wisdom** in the **grave**".
- 6. The Bible says that the "**spirit**" is simply the "breath" and that the combination of "**breath**" and "**body**" make a "**living soul**".
- 7. The Bible says that "none can keep alive his own soul". It also says that the "soul" that sinneth, it shall die". Thus, the Bible teaches that "souls" are not immortal, but simply living people who can lose the breath of life and die.
- 8. The Bible says that there is **no difference** between the way a "**beast**" or a "**man**" **dies**. They **all** have "one breath" and **all** go to the same place, the **grave**.

- 9. **All** those that are **dead** remain in their **graves** until the **resurrection day**.
- 10. At the 2nd Coming of Jesus, "those that are **Christ's**" will be resurrected and given the **gift** of **immortality**.
- 11. Besides knowing the condition of man when he is **Physically dead**, Jesus wanted us to know the condition of man when he is **Spiritually dead**.
- 12. When a person is living in **sin**, they are considered **Spiritually dead** by God.
- 13. When a person **repents** of their sin and turns to God, through the **grace** of God they are **forgiven**.
- 14. They are **Spiritually "buried"** with Jesus through **baptism** and their **sins** are "**washed away**" and **forgiven**.
- 15. Then, they are **Spiritually "made alive**" by **resurrection** with Jesus to a **New Life** for Him.

The Parable of:

The

"Missing Bridegroom"

(Jesus is Coming Back)

The **Parable** of:

"The Missing Bridegroom" (Matthew 9:14,15)

Matthew 9:14,15

14 Then came to him the disciples of John saying, why do we and the Pharisees fast oft, but **thy** disciples **fast** not?

15 And Jesus said unto them, can the children of the bridechamber mourn, as long as the **bridegroom** is with them? but the days will come, when the **bridegroom** shall be **taken** from them, and then shall **they fast**.

Comments:

In this parable, **Jesus** implies that **He** is the "**bridegroom**" and his **disciples** are the "**children** of the **bridechamber**". He also said that the "**bridegroom**" would be "**taken**" from them and then, "**mourning** and **fasting**" would occur. Thus, **Jesus** was telling them that **He** would be "**taken**" from them and then his **disciples** would "**mourn** and **fast**".

Let's see what the **Bible** associates "mourning and fasting" with by comparing Scripture.

Mourn

II Samuel 1:12

12 And they **mourned**, and wept and **fasted** until even, for Saul, and for Jonathan his son, and for the people of the Lord and for the house of Israel; because they were **fallen** by the **sword**.

II Samuel 11:26

26 And when the wife of Uriah heard that Uriah her husband was **dead**, she **mourned** for her husband.

(Thus, "mourning and fasting" were associated with someones death.)

Jesus said the bridgroom would be "taken" from them. Let's see what the **Bible** means when it uses the word "taken".

Taken (First meaning)

Acts 8:32,33

32 The place of the Scripture which he read was this, He was led as a sheep to the slaughter; and like a lamb dumb before his shearer, so opened he not his mouth:

33 In his humiliation his judgment was taken away: and who shall declare his generation? for his **life** was **taken** from the earth.

Matthew 24:39

39 And knew not until the flood came and **took** them all away;

(Thus, the Bible uses the word "taken" in the sense of "losing ones life" or being "put to death".)

Taken (Second meaning)

II Kings 2:9,11

- 9 And it came to pass, when they were gone over, that Elijah said unto Elisha, ask what I shall do for thee, before I be **taken** away from thee.
- 11 And it came to pass,...that, behold, there appeared a chariot of fire, and horses of fire...and Elijah went up by a whirlwind into heaven.

Acts 1:11

11 Which also said, ye men of Galilee, why stand ye gazing up into heaven? This same **Jesus**, which is **taken** up from you into heaven, shall **so come** in like manner as ye have seen him go into heaven.

Thus, the Bible uses the word "taken" to also mean "being removed" or "going away", in this case to heaven.

Conclusion: 1

When Jesus said the "bridegroom" would be "taken" from them, He was saying that, He (bridegroom) would be put to death (taken from them) and that then his disciples would "mourn and fast".

Thus, Jesus was predicting His death in this parable!

Conclusion: 2

When Jesus said the "bridegroom" would be "taken" from them, He was also saying that He (bridegroom) would "go away" (be taken) or leave them for awhile as He returned to heaven and this would cause them to be "sad and to fast".

Comments:

Since Jesus implied that **He** was the **bridegroom** in this parable, we need to see what the Bible says about the "**bridegroom**", by comparing Scripture.

Bridegroom

Isaiah 62:5

5 For as a young man marrieth a virgin, so shall thy sons marry thee: and as the **bridegroom** rejoiceth over the **bride**, so shall thy **God** rejoice over **thee**.

John 3:29

He that hath the bride is the bridegroom....

Revelation 19:7

Let us be glad and rejoice, and give honor to him: for the **marriage** of the **Lamb** is come, and **his wife** hath made herself ready.

II Corinthians 11:2

For I am jealous over you with godly jealousy: for I have espoused **you** to one **husband**, that I may present **you** as a **chaste virgin** to **Christ**.

(Thus the Bible says that **Jesus Christ is** the **Bridegroom** and the **Church** is the **bride** just as Jesus implied in the parable)

By using the word "Bridegroom" in this parable, Jesus was establishing the fact that a "marriage or wedding" was to take place in the future between Himself and His people. Also through the use of the word "Bridegroom", Jesus gives us Hope that He will come again for us.

Matthew 25:6,10

6 And at midnight there was a cry made, Behold the **bridegroom cometh**; go ye out to meet him.

10 And while they went to buy, the bridegroom came; and they that were ready went in with him to the marriage: and the door was shut.

Through the illustration of a **wedding** or **marriage**, Jesus shows **His Great Love** for us and the **deep love relationship** that **we** are to have **with Him**. The word "**bridegroom**" connects this **love** with our **Hope** for **Salvation!**

Isaiah 61:10

10 I will greatly rejoice in the Lord, my soul shall be joyful in my God; for **he** hath **clothed me** with the garments of **salvation**, he hath covered me with the robe of righteousness, as a **bridegroom** decketh himself with ornaments, and as a **bride** adorneth herself with her jewels.

Conclusions:

By telling the parable of the **Bridegroom** to be "**taken**" away, Jesus was able to convey several important **truths** to His listeners.

- 1. He was able to tell them of His **death** which was soon to take place.
- 2. He was able to show His **love** for them through the marriage relationship of the **Bridegroom** and His **Bride**.
- 3. He was able to tell them that He would have to **leave them** and return to heaven, but just like a **Bridegroom** coming for **His Bride**, **Jesus** would **come again** for His **people**.

Comments:

The Bible has clearly shown us that the parable of the "**Bridegroom** being **taken**" is associated with the **death** of Jesus and his **leaving** or returning to heaven.

The parable thus invites us to learn more about both his **death** and his "returning" or "**coming again**".

Since we have already learned about "death" from the parable of "Let the dead bury the dead", we will focus on the "coming again" of Jesus and see what the Bible says about that event.

By using the <u>Concordance</u> we will be able to <u>find texts</u> of <u>Scripture</u> that pertain to the return or second coming of Jesus.

The **Bible Concept** Of: The <u>Return</u> or **Second Coming** Of Jesus

BIBLE TEXT	COMMENT
John 14:1-3"I go to prepare a place for you.""I will come again and receive you unto myself that where I am ye may be also."	The promise of Jesus to come again for us.
Luke 24:51 51 "And it came to pass while he blessed them, he was parted from them and carried up into heaven."	Jesus went to heaven after His resurrection.
Acts 1:9-11While they beheld he was taken up and a cloud received himye men of Galileethis same Jesus which is taken up from you into heaven, shall so come in like manner as ye have seen him go into heaven."	The <u>manner</u> thatJesus <u>went to heaven</u> as <u>observed</u> by the disciples.
Matthew 24:30,31 "They shall see the Son of man coming in the clouds of heaven with power and great glory. And he shall send his angels with a great sound of a trump, and they shall gather together his elect from the four winds, from one end of heaven to the other.	The <u>manner</u> that Jesus will <u>come again</u> .
Revelation 1:7 "Behold he cometh with clouds; and every eye shall see him, and they also which pierced him: and all kindreds of the earth shall wail because of him."	All will see Jesus come.
Matthew 24:27 "For as the lightning cometh out of the East and shineth even to the West, so shall also the coming of the Son of man be."	Manner or way that Jesus will come (<u>Visible</u> as the lightning)

The <u>Return</u> or **Second Coming** Of Jesus

BIBLE TEXT	COMMENT
Matthew 24:37-41 "But as the days of Noe were, so shall also the coming of the Son of man be. For as in the days that were before the flood they were eating and drinking, marrying and giving in marriage, until the day that Noe entered into the ark, And knew not until the flood came, and took them all away; so shall also the coming of the Son of man be. Then shall two be in the field, the one shall be taken, and the other left. Two women shall be grinding at the mill; the one shall be taken, and the other left"	As the <u>flood</u> came and " took " the wicked away, so when Jesus comes the wicked will be " taken " <u>in</u> <u>death</u> again.
I Thessalonians 4:16,17 "For the Lord himself shall descend from heaven with a shout, with the voice of the archangel, and with the trump of God: and the dead in Christ shall rise first: Then we which are alive and remain shall be caught up together with them in the clouds, to meet the Lord in the air: and so shall we ever be with the Lord."	The righteous will "remain" or be left alive when Jesus comes while the wicked will be slain.
Luke 17:29,30 34-37 "But the same day that Lot went out of Sodom it rained fire and brimstone from heaven and destroyed them all. Even thus shall it be in the day when the Son of man is revealed I tell you, in that night there shall be two in one bed; the one shall be taken and the other left. Two shall be in the field; the one shall be taken, and the other left. And they answered and said unto him, where Lord? and he said unto them, Wheresoever the body is, thither will the eagles be gathered together."	The destruction of the wicked when Jesus comes will be like the destruction of Sodom: by fire from heaven. The body of the wicked taken in death will be where the eagles are.
Matthew 24:27,28 "For as the lightning cometh out of the East and shineth even to the West so shall also the coming of the Son of man be. For wheresoever the carcass is, there will the eagles be gathered together."	The <u>eagles</u> will gather where the carcasses of the wicked are.

Revelation 19:16-18

"And I saw heaven opened and behold a white horse and He that sat upon him was called Faithful and True, and in righteousness he doth judge and make war...And he hath on his vesture and on his thigh a name written, King of Kings and Lord of Lords.

And I saw an angel standing in the sun; and he cried with a loud voice, saying to all the fowls that fly in the midst of heaven, come and gather yourselves together unto the supper of the great God: that ye may eat the flesh of kings, and the flesh of captains, and the flesh of mighty men..."

The wicked will be food for the birds (eagles).

Revelation 6:14-17

"... Every mountain and island were moved out of their places,"

...the kings of the earth...the great men, the rich...the mighty...hid themselves in the dens and in the rocks of the mountains and said... fall on us and hide us from the face of him who sitteth in the throne, and from the wrath of the Lamb for the Great Day of his wrath is come and who shall be able to stand?"

Manner of Jesus coming

(<u>visible</u> to the <u>wicked</u>)

(Great physical changes to the earth)

II Thessalonians 1:7-10

"...the Lord Jesus shall be <u>revealed</u> from heaven with his mighty angels, <u>in flaming fire</u> taking <u>vengeance</u> on them that know not God ...who shall be punished with <u>everlasting</u> <u>destruction</u> from the presence of the Lord ...when <u>He shall come</u> to be glorified in his saints..."

The <u>manner</u> of Jesus coming and <u>what happens</u> to the wicked and God's people at His coming.

I Thessalonians 4:16,17

"...the Lord himself shall descend fron heaven with a <u>shout</u>, with the voice of the Archangel, and with the trump of God and the <u>dead in Christ shall rise first</u>: Then <u>we which are alive and remain</u> shall be <u>caught up together with them</u> in the clouds, to meet the <u>Lord in the air and so shall we ever be with the Lord."</u>

The <u>manner</u> of Jesus coming and <u>how we meet Him:</u> (In the <u>air</u>, not on the earth).

BIBLE TEXT	COMMENT
I Corinthians 15:22,23 "As in Adam all die even so in Christ shall all be made alive. But every man in his own order: Christ the first fruits; afterward they that are Christ's at his coming."	At the coming of Christ the righteous dead will receive life again.
I Corinthians 15:51-54 "Behold, I show you a mystery: We shall not all sleep, but we shall all <u>be changed, in a moment,</u> in the twinkling of an eye, at the last trump: for the trumpet shall sound, <u>and the dead shall be raised incorruptable</u> , and we shall be changed this <u>mortal</u> must <u>put on immortality</u> ."	At the trump of God, <u>the righteous</u> will be given <u>immortality</u> .
Matthew 25:13 "Watch therefore, for ye know neither the day nor the hour wherein the Son of Man cometh."	Be ready always for Jesus to come.
Matthew 24:44 "Therefore be ye also ready for in such and hour as ye think not the Son of Man cometh."	Jesus will come unexpectedly.
Il Peter 3:10,12 "But the day of the Lord will come as a thief in the night; in the which the heavens shall pass away with a great noise, and the elements shall melt with fervent heat, the earth also and the works that are therein shall be burned up."	When Jesus comes as a thief there will be a loud noise and great heat which will burn the earth and the heavens. (It will not be an invisible coming).

Conclusions (Regarding the Second Coming of Jesus)

- 1. Jesus was taken up <u>in the clouds</u> and He will **return** in the clouds in like manner.
- 2. People **saw** Jesus go into heaven and they will **see** Him when He returns from heaven.
- 3. Every eye will **see** Jesus when He comes in the clouds.
- 4. The <u>coming of Jesus</u> will be as **visible** as the lightning from East to West.
- 5. When Jesus comes the **wicked** will be "**taken**" in **death** just like the wicked were "taken" in death by the **flood** during Noahs time.
- 6. The wicked will be destroyed or "taken" in death by **fire** and brimstone from heaven, just like the wicked were destroyed in Sodom and Gomorrah.
- 7. The bodies or carcasses of the wicked will become food for the birds.
- 8. There will be great **physical changes** to **the earth** when Jesus comes. Every island and mountain will be moved out of place.
- 9. When Jesus comes, not only will we **see** Him, but we will **hear** Him **shout** and we will **hear** the "trump" or trumpet of God.
- 10. At the Second Coming of Jesus the "dead in Christ" will be "made alive" and <u>caught up together</u> with the living righteous to meet the Lord in the air.
- 11. No one will know the day nor hour when Jesus will come again and so we must always be ready.

Doctrinal Truth (Taught by **Jesus** in the Parable of "The Missing Bridegroom")

- 1. Jesus is the Bridegroom and the Church is the Bride.
- 2. The "missing Bridegroom" represents two different events:
 - 1. The **death** of Jesus which would take Him away from His disciples.
 - 2. The **leaving** of Jesus for heaven which would take Him away from the Church.
- 3. By using the illustration of a **Bridegroom** and **Bride**, Jesus showed His Great Love for us through the wedding or **marriage relationship**.
- 4. The Bridegroom **coming** for His Bride helps us understand how **Jesus** will **come again** for **His people**.
- 5. The <u>coming again of Jesus</u> is clearly outlined in the Bible with regard to **how** He will come and how His coming affects both the righteous and the wicked.
- 6. Jesus **went** to heaven <u>in the clouds</u> and He will come again in the clouds.
- 7. When Jesus left for heaven people saw Him leave and every eye will see Him come again.
- 8. When Jesus comes again there will be **great physical changes** to the **earth** like islands and mountains being moved. (continued on next page)

- 9. When Jesus comes again we will **hear** Him **shout** and the **trumpet** of God will sound.
- 10. When Jesus comes again the wicked will be slain or "taken" in death and their bodies will become food for the birds.
- 11. When Jesus comes again the righteous will "remain" or be left alive and the righteous dead will be "made alive" or resurrected.
- 12. When Jesus comes again both the living righteous and the resurrected righteous will be "**changed** in the twinkling of an eye" and they will be **given immortality**.
- 13. The living righteous and the resurrected righteous will be "caught up together" and they will "meet the Lord **in the air**". This clearly shows that Jesus does **not** set His foot on the earth at His Second Coming.

Thus, anyone **claiming** to be Christ and walking on this earth is a **false Christ**.

14. No one will know the **time** when Jesus will come again and so we must always be ready.

The Parable of:

"The Man Without a Wedding Garment"

(How to **Pass** the **Judgment**)

The **Parable** of:

"The Man Without a Wedding Garment" (Matthew 22:1-14)

Matthew 22:1-14 And Jesus answered and spake unto them again by parables, and said,

- 2 The kingdom of heaven is like unto a certain **king**, which made a **marriage** for his **son**,
- 3 And <u>sent</u> forth his <u>servants</u> to <u>call them that were bidden</u> to the **wedding**: and they would not come.
- 4 Again, he <u>sent forth **other** servants</u>, saying, <u>Tell them</u> which are bidden, Behold, I have prepared my dinner: my oxen and my fatlings are killed, and all things are ready: **come** unto the **marriage**.
- 5 But **they** made light of it, and <u>went their ways</u>, one to his **farm**, another to his **merchandise**:
- 6 And the remnant <u>took his servants</u>, and entreated them spitefully, and **slew** them.
- 7 But when the **king** heard thereof, he <u>was wroth</u>: and he sent forth his armies, and destroyed those murderers, and burned up their city.
- 8 Then saith he to his servants, The **wedding** is <u>ready</u>, but they which were bidden were not worthy.
- 9 Go ye therefore into the highways, and <u>as many as ye shall find,</u> bid to the marriage.
- 10 So those **servants** went out into the highways, and gathered together all as many as they found, both **bad** and **good**: and the wedding was furnished with guests.
- 11 And when the **king** came in to **see** the guests, he saw there a **man** which had not on a **wedding garment**:
- 12 And he saith unto him, Friend, how camest thou in hither not having a wedding garment? And he was <u>speechless</u>.
- 13 Then said the **king** to the servants, Bind him hand and foot, and <u>take him away</u>, and <u>cast him into outer darkness</u>; there shall be weeping and gnashing of teeth.
- 14 For **many** are <u>called</u>, but **few** are <u>chosen</u>.

Comments:

The important points in this parable are as follows:

- 1. The *main theme* is the **wedding** or **marriage** of the King's Son.
- 2. An invitation to <u>come to the wedding</u> was given to a <u>first group</u> of people.
- 3. The <u>first group</u> of people <u>rejected</u> the <u>marriage invitation</u>.
- 4. The <u>reason</u> for the <u>rejection</u> of the invitation by the <u>first</u> group of people was that they were only interested in **their own business** (farming, buying, and selling) instead of the **King's business!**
- 5. The King sent his servants a <u>second time</u> to invite the <u>first group</u> of people, but they mistreated and <u>killed</u> the <u>King's servants</u>.
- 6. The <u>King's patience</u> came to an **end** and he rendered **judgment** upon the <u>first group</u> of people for their <u>wicked</u> deeds.
- 7. The King then sent his servants to <u>invite</u> **anyone**, good or bad, to the <u>wedding</u>.
- 8. After a while, the King **investigated** or inspected those attending the wedding to see what they were **wearing**.
- 9. The King found a <u>man</u> who was **not** wearing a <u>wedding</u> garment.
- 10. The King gave the <u>man</u> an <u>opportunity</u> to explain <u>why</u>, but the man had <u>no answer</u>.
- 11. The King then **judged** the man as **not fit** to attend the **wedding** and had him "cast into outer darkness".
- 12. The <u>final result</u> of the parable is that **many** will be "called" or <u>invited</u> to the <u>wedding</u>, but only a **few** will be **accepted**.

Comparing Scripture:

In order to understand more about this parable, we need to identify the **real objects** and then discover their <u>Spiritual</u> <u>meanings</u> by <u>comparing Scripture</u>.

The **real objects** are:

- The King
- The Son
- The <u>first servants</u> of the king
- Those <u>first invited</u> to the wedding
- Those <u>later invited</u> to the wedding
- The <u>later servants</u> of the king
- The wedding garment
- The wedding

The King

We know that the Spiritual "King" represents God or the Father.

Psalm 44:4 "Thou art my King, O God..."

The Son

We also know that the Spiritual "Son" represents Jesus.

John 20:31 "But these are written, that ye might believe that **Jesus** is the Christ, the **Son of God**; and that believing ye might have life through his name."

The "First Servants" of the King

The **first** Spiritual "**servants**" represent the **prophets** that were sent to the people of Israel.

Amos 3:7 "Surely the Lord GOD will do nothing, but he revealeth his secret unto his **servants** the **prophets**."

Those "First Invited" to the Wedding Those that were "first invited" to the wedding

Those that were "first invited" to the wedding were the people of Israel.

Matthew 21:43,45 "Therefore say I unto you, The kingdom of God shall be <u>taken from you</u>, and <u>given to a nation</u> bringing forth the fruits thereof. ... And when the <u>chief</u> <u>priests</u> and <u>Pharisees</u> had heard his parables, they perceived that <u>he spake of **them**</u>."

Those "Later Invited" to the Wedding

Those that were "later invited" to the wedding were the "Gentiles" or "strangers".

Matthew 21:43 "Therefore say I unto you, The kingdom of God shall be <u>taken from you</u> [Israel], and <u>given</u> to a **nation** bringing forth the fruits thereof."

1 Peter 2:9,10 "But **ye** are a chosen generation, a royal priesthood, an **holy nation**... Which in time past were **not** a **people**, but are **now** the people of God..."

Romans 9:24,25 "Even **us**, whom he hath called, not of the Jews only, but also of the **Gentiles**? As he saith ... I will call them **my people**, which were not **my people**..."

The "Later Servants" of the King

The **later** Spiritual "**servants**" represent the **apostles** and **teachers** sent to the "Gentiles".

1 Peter 1:1 "Peter, an **apostle** of Jesus Christ, to the **strangers** scattered throughout..."

2 Timothy 2:2 "And the things that thou hast heard of me [Apostle Paul] among many witnesses, the same commit thou to faithful men, who shall be able to **teach** others also."

The Wedding Garment

The Spiritual "Wedding Garment" represents the "garment of Salvation" or the robe of Christ's Righteousness.

Isaiah 61:10 "I will greatly rejoice in the <u>LORD</u>... for <u>he</u> hath clothed me with the **garments of salvation**, he hath <u>covered me</u> with the **robe of righteousness**, as a **bridegroom**..."

The Wedding

The Spiritual "Wedding" or "Marriage" represents the Judgment.

Job 29:14 "I put on **righteousness**, and **it clothed me**: my **judgment** was as a **robe** and a diadem."

The above text clearly shows the <u>relationship</u> of the "**robe** of <u>righteousness</u>" or the "**wedding garment**" to the **judgment**. The "<u>robe</u>" or "<u>wedding garment</u>" was <u>directly connected</u> to being **judged!**

The man in the parable **without** the "<u>robe</u>" or "<u>wedding</u> <u>garment</u>" could **not pass** the **judgment** and was "taken away and cast into outer darkness".

Psalm 35:24 "Judge me, O Lord, according to thy righteousness."

Without the covering "<u>robe of Christ's Righteousness</u>", **no one** can pass the **judgment** of God!

Comments:

Before we are ready to write a <u>Spiritual paraphrase</u> of the parable, we need to think about what is happening at a "**wedding**" or "**marriage**".

A **wedding** or **marriage** takes place when a <u>man</u> and <u>woman</u> who have had a <u>relationship together</u> <u>decide</u> that they want to "**live together**" <u>forever!</u>

Similarly, a spiritual "**wedding**" or spiritual "**marriage**" takes place when a spiritual "<u>Man</u>" (Jesus) and a spiritual "<u>woman</u>" (the Church) <u>decide</u> that they want to "**live together**" <u>forever</u>!

The "Judgment" seals their <u>commitment</u> to each other <u>forever</u>, just as a "marriage" does!
That is why the "wedding" or "marriage" represents the Judgment.

Sometimes, even after a <u>long relationship</u>, a man and woman decide that they do **not** want to get **married** or have a "**wedding**", because they do not want to "**live together**" <u>forever</u>. Sometimes a <u>woman</u> will **reject** a man's <u>proposal</u> <u>of marriage</u>. The Bible says that the <u>Lord</u> is the "<u>husband</u>" and the "<u>woman</u>" represents **God's people**.

Isaiah 54:5,6 "For thy Maker is thine <u>husband</u>; the <u>LORD</u> of hosts is his name... For the <u>LORD</u> hath called <u>thee</u> as a <u>woman</u>... and a <u>wife</u>..."

The Bible also refers to the **Lord** as the "**Bridegroom**" and **God's people** as the "**Bride**".

Isaiah 62:5 "For as a young man **marrieth** a virgin, so shall thy sons **marry thee**: and as the **bridegroom** rejoiceth over the **bride**, so shall thy **God** rejoice over **thee**."

In the parable, the **first group** of people invited to the "wedding" was the **Jews** or **Israel**. They represented <u>God's people</u> (the Bride) who **rejected** the <u>proposal of marriage</u> by the **Lord Jesus** (the Bridegroom).

Because they <u>rejected Jesus</u>, the **nation of Israel** was **judged** by God and <u>rejected by Him</u> (Matt. 21:43,45). No longer was **Israel** to be the "chosen people of God". God then invited "**anyone**" to "marry His Son" and the **Gentiles** became the "<u>chosen people of God</u>". (1 Peter 2:9,10; Rom. 9:24,25)

The parable clearly shows that the "Gentiles" (the <u>later</u> <u>group</u> invited to the wedding) would <u>also</u> have people who would **reject** Jesus Christ's offer of "marriage" by **rejecting** His <u>robe of righteousness</u>, or the "wedding garment"! These people will be **judged** by <u>their</u> righteousness (filthy rags – Isa. 64:6) instead of <u>Christ's</u> righteousness and they will be "cast out" or **lost** instead of being **saved**.

The parable of the "Man Without a Wedding Garment" clearly shows the <u>absolute necessity</u> of being "**clothed**" with **Christ's righteousness** in order to be saved! Now, we are ready to write a <u>Spiritual paraphrase</u> of the parable.

Paraphrase (Spiritual):

God (the king) wanted Jesus (His Son) to be able to live together forever (make a marriage) with His people (the bride or woman). He sent prophets (His servants) to invite Israel (first group invited) to accept His Son Jesus, but they rejected Him. God (the King) then sent more prophets (his servants) to tell them that it was time (all things were ready) for the Judgment (marriage) to take place, but they were too busy with their own business (farming, buying, selling) to be concerned. The prophets (servants) were mistreated and killed (slew them) by Israel. Finally, God's patience and forgiveness was at an end (he was wroth)! He judged the nation of Israel as "not worthy" and sent the Roman army (sent forth his armies) under Titus in A.D. 70 to "burn up the city" of Jerusalem and to "destroy those murderers".

Then God (the king) made the decision to invite the Gentiles (anyone, good and bad) to come and "live together" with His Son forever (be married). After a while, God (the king) began to investigate (came in to see) what those who had come to "live with His Son forever" (come to the wedding) were wearing. God (the king) saw a man who was not clothed with the Robe of Christ's righteousness (wedding garment). The man was instead clothed in filthy rags (his own righteousness – Zech. 3:1-5, Isa. 64:6). The man had no reason for not having the robe of Christ's righteousness on (wedding garment) and so God judged the man as lost (take him away and cast him into outer darkness)! Many people are invited (called) to live forever with Jesus (marry Him), but only a few will actually "marry Him" (pass the judgment).

Doctrinal Truth (Taught by **Jesus** in the Parable of Man Without a Wedding Garment")

- 1. The "wedding" or "marriage" represents the **Judgment**.
- 2. Before a man and woman get (physically) married, they have developed a relationship to the point of wanting to "live together" forever! Similarly, the **Judgment** represented by the "marriage" or "wedding" occurs when the **Lord** as the (spiritual) Bridegroom and God's **people** as the (spiritual) bride, have developed their relationship to the point that they both want to "live together" forever.
- 3. Sometimes in a (physical) <u>relationship</u> a <u>man</u> and <u>woman</u> decide that they do **not** want to get <u>married</u> and "<u>live together forever</u>". The woman will **reject** the "invitation" or **proposal** of marriage by the <u>man</u>. Similarly, sometimes in a (spiritual) <u>relationship</u> between the **Lord** (man) and His **people** (woman), <u>individuals</u> or even <u>nations</u> will **reject** the "invitation" or <u>proposal</u> of marriage by the Lord.
- 4. When an "<u>invitation</u>" or <u>proposal of marriage</u> is made and then **rejected**, it causes a **permanent separation** to occur between a <u>man</u> and <u>woman</u>. Similarly, when an "invitation" or <u>proposal of marriage</u> is made by the Lord (man) and then **rejected** by one of His people (woman), it causes a **permanent separation** to occur between the Lord (man) and that person (woman). The "marriage" or **judgment** will **permanently** decide the <u>destiny</u> or <u>future</u> of **every** individual.

- 5. Those who **accept** the "invitation" by the Lord to "marry Him" will live forever with Him!
- 6. Those who **reject** the "invitation" by the Lord and **refuse** to "marry Him" will be <u>lost forever!</u>
- 7. God has "invited" **everyone** to the "marriage" of His Son. Whether you are "good" or "bad" doesn't matter; you are <u>still invited</u> to become His "<u>bride</u>"!
- 8. We are to "come to the marriage" just as we are (bad or good). Even the "best garment" that we could provide for ourselves will not be "good enough" for us to attend the "wedding".
- 9. The "garment" that **we** could provide for ourselves represents our "**works**". Our <u>works</u> are like **filthy garments** or "**filthy rags**"!
- 10. The "garment" that **we need** is the special "<u>wedding</u> <u>garment</u>" that is provided at the <u>marriage</u>. Only the "wedding garment" will make us **acceptable** at the <u>wedding!</u>
- 11. The "wedding garment" represents the **righteous life** of <u>Jesus!</u> Another name for the "wedding garment" is the "**Robe of righteousness**" or the "**Garment of Salvation**".
- 12.If we <u>choose</u> to attend the "marriage" **without** the "<u>wedding garment</u>", we can expect to be "<u>cast out</u>" and **rejected** at the time of the "marriage". Similarly, if we <u>choose</u> to be judged by our **own** "**works**" or <u>sinful lives</u>, we can expect to be "<u>cast out</u>" and **rejected** and <u>lost</u> at time of the judgment!

- 13.If we <u>choose</u> to attend the "marriage" and **accept** the "wedding garment" or the "robe of <u>Christ's</u> righteousness" or the <u>righteous life</u> of Christ in place of our sinful life, we can expect to be **accepted** or <u>saved</u> at the time of the Judgment!
- 14. From our study of the <u>parable</u> of the "garment with the Hole in it" we learned that **accepting** the "<u>new garment</u>" or, as it is called in this parable, the "wedding garment", means being **willing** to **give up sin** and to **allow** the <u>Holy Spirit</u> to **change** us and make us <u>like Jesus</u>. While we are "<u>becoming like Jesus</u>" and are **not perfect**, we are "<u>covered</u>" by Christ's **robe of righteousness** (wedding garment) and as far as the **judgment** (marriage) is concerned, we are considered by <u>God</u> (the King) to be **perfect** and therefore are **accepted** by Him.
- 15. Without the "covering" of the wedding garment the man in the parable had no hope of being accepted at the wedding.
- 16. Without the "covering" **righteousness of Christ**, we have **no hope** of passing the <u>Judgment!</u>

Final Conclusion:

As we have examined the Parables of Jesus, letting the "Bible explain itself" by comparing the Scriptures, the <u>Doctrines and Teachings of Jesus</u> have **become plain** to us. As we might have suspected, given the repeated warnings of Jesus to "beware of false teachers", the **Doctrines** of **Jesus** as taught by the **Parables** are quite different from the doctrines taught by most of the Popular Churches today. When thinking about this difference keep in mind the Parable of The Two Men That Built Houses and what their foundations were; **God's Words** (rock) or **man's words** (sand) and you will **know** what to believe!

In this **first volume** of the parables given in the book of Matthew we have covered 13 parables. There are yet more parables to be covered and we will continue our study of them in "Bible **Parables** Made Simple" **Vol.2**.

May God help you to use the knowledge you have gained from the **Parables** to be like "**salt** that has **not** lost its **Sayour**".

William 7. Barrett